

Technical Memorandum

To: City of Perris
From: Jennifer Gillen, P.E., Senior Engineer
Date: February 28, 2025
Re: Rider Distribution Center II - FHYD Update

Introduction

This technical memorandum is prepared to complement the Final Drainage Study report titled “Rider Distribution Center II” prepared for IDI Logistics. Relevant excerpts are provided in Appendix B. This technical memo will provide updated calculations and exhibits based on the updated final site plan. ‘Rider II’ is bounded by Rider St to the south, Redlands Ave to the west, Perris Valley Storm Channel to the east, and MWD property to the north. Rider II project site consists of an industrial warehouse, parking and landscape on approximately 39.4 acres and currently drains to a basin in the southeast corner of the project. Water quality storm events are directed to an onsite storage basin in the southeast corner via a Stormgate Vault structure before being pumped into and treated by a Contech Filterra unit (See FWQMP for more information). Flows higher than the water quality event will bypass the Stormgate Vault and continue to the existing Line A-B in Rider Street and continue into the Perris Valley Storm Drain.

The redevelopment proposed in this memo would remove and replace approximately 2.2 acres of the existing improvements for additional truck parking and a revised landscaped area. The development will make use of the existing underground storm drain pipe and inlets. There is an existing 10’ wide catch basin that will remain in place. The existing auto parking being replaced was included in the area tributary to the catch basin. Flows were conveyed via curb & gutter, ribbon gutters, and u-channels.

Due to an increase of 0.4% in total impervious area when compared to the original site plan, Lateral A-1 which connects to the existing catch basin, was reanalyzed hydrologically and hydraulically to show the additional flows will not negatively impact the existing improvements. The updated rational method map and calculations can be found in Appendix A.

Lateral-A1 (Onsite)

The revised eastern parking area of the project site will follow the existing drainage pattern and continue to drain to the existing 10’ wide catch basin and be collected by Lateral-A1. Lateral-A1, is a 24-inch HDPE storm drain which currently conveys the 100-year peak flow rate of 9.4 cfs to Line-A. The hydraulic model for Lateral-A1 was recreated to properly model the pipe based on the revised site plan and flows. Using a new 100-year peak flow of 13.7 cfs, a new ponding WSE of 1439.7 shows an additional 5 inches of ponding when compared to the original ponding elevation of 1439.3. This is still more than 4-feet below the existing FEMA base flood elevation of 1444. This means that the onsite runoff does not contribute to a worsening flooding condition as is currently existing.

Appendices

APPENDIX A – Hydrology/Hydraulic Analysis and Map

APPENDIX B – Relevant Excerpts from the Approved Final Drainage Report

APPENDIX A

RATIONAL METHOD – 10 YEAR STORM

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 02/28/25 File:PROP10.out

17-0357 RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY - ONSITE STORM DRAIN
10 YEAR STORM EVENT
FN: PROP10.OUT EA

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6587

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 10.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)

For the [Perris Valley] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 1.880 (In/Hr)

10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.780 (In/Hr)

100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.690 (In/Hr)

100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.120 (In/Hr)

Storm event year = 10.0

Calculated rainfall intensity data:

1 hour intensity = 0.780 (In/Hr)

Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4900

+++++
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 613.000 (Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1442.300 (Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1437.900 (Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 4.400 (Ft.)
Slope = 0.00718 s(percent) = 0.72
TC = $k(0.300) * [(length^3) / (elevation\ change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 10.493 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.833 (In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.878
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil (AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 9.493 (CFS)
Total initial stream area = 5.900 (Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

+++++
Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1433.400(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1432.900(Ft.)
Pipe length = 34.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.493(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 18.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.493(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 11.58(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 17.25(In.)
Critical Depth = 14.27(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 7.90(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.07 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 10.56 min.
End of computations, total study area = 5.90 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 0.100
Area averaged RI index number = 69.0

RATIONAL METHOD – 100 YEAR STORM

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software, (c) 1989 - 2018 Version 9.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 02/28/25 File:PROP100.out

17-0357 RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY - ONSITE STORM DRAIN
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
FN: PROP100.OUT EA

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 6587

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & Water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 100.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)

For the [Perris Valley] area used.

10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 1.880(In/Hr)

10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.780(In/Hr)

100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.690(In/Hr)

100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.120(In/Hr)

Storm event year = 100.0

Calculated rainfall intensity data:

1 hour intensity = 1.120(In/Hr)

Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4900

+++++
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 613.000(Ft.)

Top (of initial area) elevation = 1442.300(Ft.)

Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1437.900(Ft.)

Difference in elevation = 4.400(Ft.)

Slope = 0.00718 s(percent)= 0.72

TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2

Initial area time of concentration = 10.493 min.

Rainfall intensity = 2.632(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm

COMMERCIAL subarea type

Runoff Coefficient = 0.883

Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000

Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000

Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000

RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00

Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900

Initial subarea runoff = 13.716(CFS)

Total initial stream area = 5.900(Ac.)

Pervious area fraction = 0.100

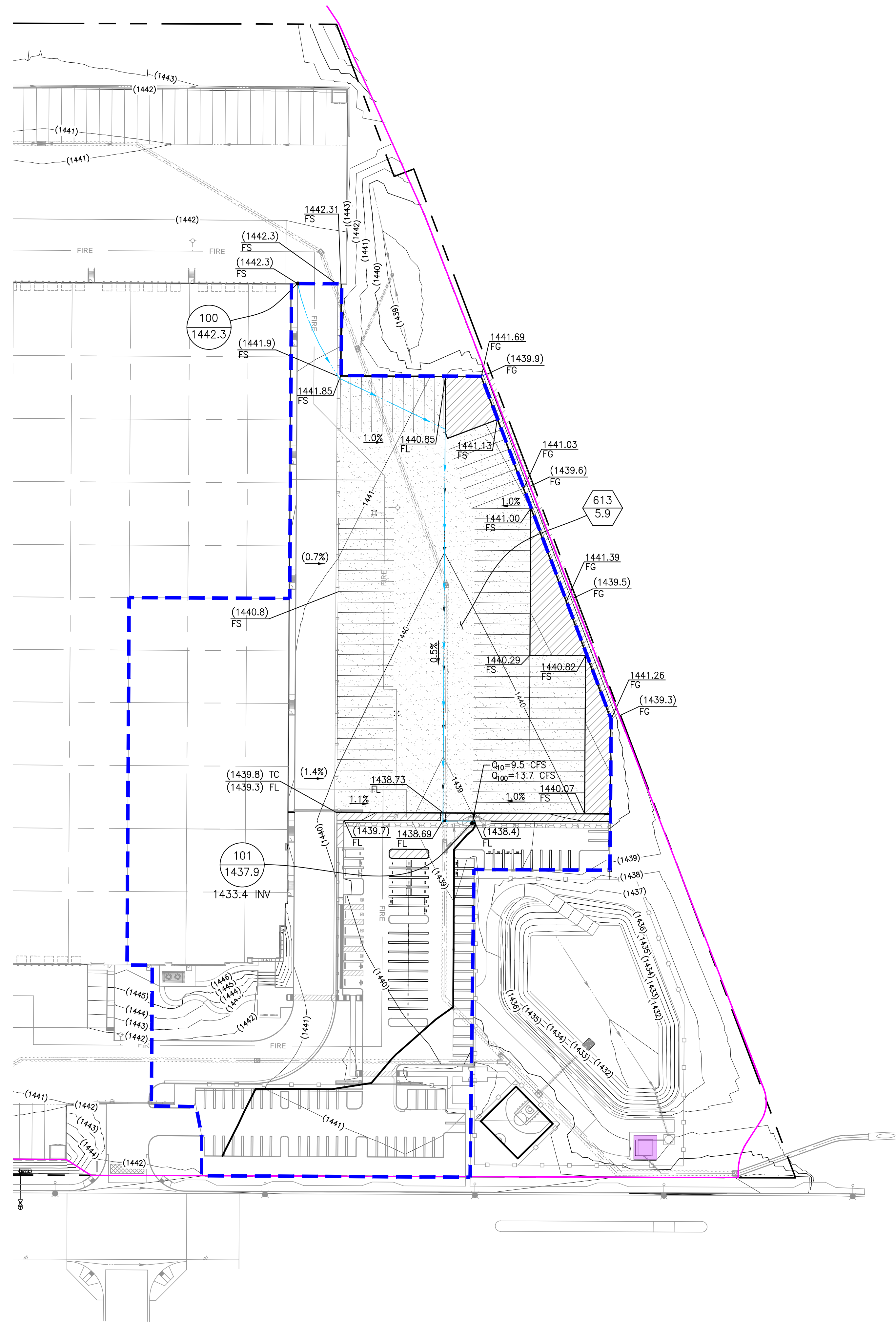
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Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000

**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

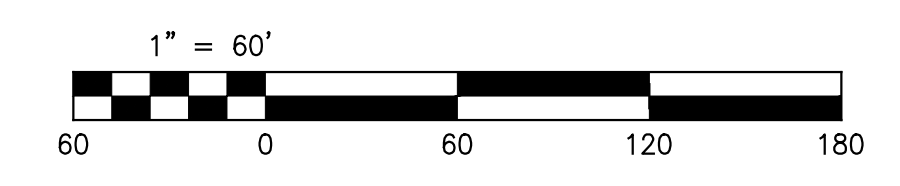
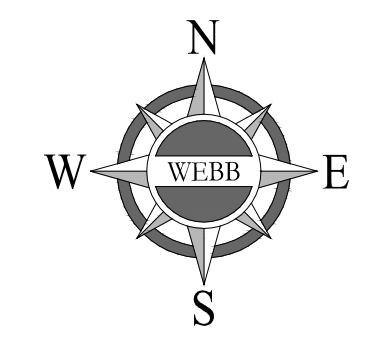
Upstream point/station elevation = 1433.400(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1432.900(Ft.)
Pipe length = 34.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.013
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 13.716(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 21.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 13.716(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 13.13(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 20.33(In.)
Critical Depth = 16.52(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 8.68(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 0.07 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 10.56 min.
End of computations, total study area = 5.90 (Ac.)
The following figures may
be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(A_p) = 0.100
Area averaged RI index number = 69.0

HYDROLOGY MAP



- LEGEND**
- DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT BOUNDARY
 - - - SUB-AREA BOUNDARY
 - - - EXISTING STORM DRAIN
 - FLOW DIRECTION
 - NODE
ELEV NODE NUMBER
ELEVATION (FT)
 - *XXXX.X INVERT ELEVATION (FT)
 - FT
AC LENGTH (FT)
AREA (ACRES)



PRELIMINARY

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS 3768 McGRAY STREET RIVERSIDE, CA. 92506 PH. (951) 686-1070 FAX (951) 788-1256	W.O. 24-0765
	SHEET 1 OF 1 SHEETS

G:\2017\17-0357\DRAINAGE\HYDROLOGY\FINAL\DWG FOLDER\17-0357-MM HYD MEMO.DWG 2/26/2025 4:43:55 AM Eduardoa

Lateral A-1 WSPG Analysis

T1 IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
 T2 ONSITE STORM DRAIN LATERAL A1
 T3 FN: LATA1.WSW

0

SO	1000.0001432.380	1						1439.160	
REM	INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM THE WSPG RESULTS OF LINE A								
R	1002.3601432.910	2	.012						.000 .000 0
R	1008.4701432.990	2	.012						.000 .000 0
R	1039.4101433.370	2	.012						.000 .000 0
WE	1039.4101433.370	3	.500						
R	1042.4101433.470	3	.012						.000 .000 0
SH	1042.4101433.470	3						1433.470	
CD	1 4 1	.000	2.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	2 4 1	.000	2.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	3 3 0	.000	5.000	10.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	4 3 0	.000	2.500	1.500	.000	.000	.000	.00	
Q		13.700	.0						

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - CHANNEL DEFINITION LISTING

CARD CODE	SECT NO	CHN TYPE	NO OF PIER	AVE PIER WIDTH	HEIGHT 1 DIAMETER	BASE WIDTH	ZL	ZR	INV DROP	Y(1)	Y(2)	Y(3)	Y(4)	Y(5)	Y(6)	Y(7)	Y(8)	Y(9)	Y(10)	
CD	1	4	1		2.000															
CD	2	4	1		2.000															
CD	3	3	0	.000	5.000	10.000	.000	.000	.00											
CD	4	3	0	.000	2.500	1.500	.000	.000	.00											

W S P G W

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - TITLE CARD LISTING

HEADING LINE NO 1 IS - IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II

HEADING LINE NO 2 IS - ONSITE STORM DRAIN LATERAL A1

HEADING LINE NO 3 IS - FN: LATA1.WSW

W S P G W

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

ELEMENT NO	IS A	DESCRIPTION	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	W S ELEV	RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H
1	IS A	SYSTEM OUTLET		1000.000	1432.380	1	1439.160				
REMARKS: INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM THE WSPG RESULTS OF LINE A											
WARNING - ADJACENT SECTIONS ARE NOT IDENTICAL - SEE SECTION NUMBERS AND CHANNEL DEFINITIONS											
2	IS A	REACH		1002.360	1432.910	2		.000	.000	.000	0
3	IS A	REACH		1008.470	1432.990	2		.000	.000	.000	0
4	IS A	REACH		1039.410	1433.370	2		.000	.000	.000	0
5	IS A	WALL ENTRANCE		1039.410	1433.370	3					
6	IS A	REACH		1042.410	1433.470	3		.000	.000	.000	0
7	IS A	SYSTEM HEADWORKS		1042.410	1433.470	3					

APPENDIX B

Rider Distribution Center II
Design Review/Case No: 19-00004
City of Perris, Riverside County, California

Final Drainage Study

Prepared for:

IDI Logistics

Attn: Steve Hollis

840 Apollo Street, Suite 343

El Segundo, CA 90245

Tel: (949) 351-7243

Prepared By:



3788 McCray Street
Riverside, CA 92506

Original Date Published: October 2020

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DJ Arellano, P.E.
Senior Engineer

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SECTION 1 - SUMMARY

PURPOSE

The purpose of this report is to document the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in support of the Rider Distribution Center II project located in the City of Perris, County of Riverside, California. The project site is located on the corner of Rider Street to the South and Redlands Avenue to the West. The Perris Valley Storm Drain is located directly to the East of the project site. The project proposes to build an industrial warehouse on approximately 40 acres. This report will summarize the hydrology and hydraulic analyses that were completed to determine the necessary drainage improvements required for the project to safely convey runoff through the site.

The scope of this report will include the following:

- Determine the peak 100-year and 10-year flow rates for the developed condition using the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (RCFC&WCD) Rational Method.
- Determine the required storm drain facilities, alignment, and sizes required to flood protect the project site.
- Preparation of a final report summarizing the hydrology and hydraulic results.

DESCRIPTION OF WATERSHED

As previously described, the project is proposing to construct an industrial warehouse on approximately 37 acres. Existing elevations across the site vary from 1445 at the northwest corner to 1434 at the southeast corner (NAVD88 datum). The site is relatively flat and currently slopes at approximately 0.2%. The existing drainage pattern for the site is characterized by sheet flows that follow the approximate slope to the southeast corner of the project site. The sheet flow discharges southeasterly towards Rider Street where a portion of it pools at the southeast corner and some continues to flow along Rider Street and into a catch basin at the center of the bridge.

The project site is currently located within Zone AE and the Regulatory Floodway of FEMA map 06065C1430H effective 08-18-2014. Base flood elevations (BFE) vary from approximately 1444 in the north to approximately 1442 in the south. The project proposes to grade the building pad at least one foot above the highest BFE. It also proposes to expand the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel on both sides along the project frontage; this will move the Regulatory Floodway out of the project site and within the expanded channel's top width.

The project is located within the Perris Valley Commerce Center Specific Plan (PVCCSP), and it is associated within the Perris Valley Storm Drain Master Drainage Plan (MDP). The backbone drainage facility for this area is the existing storm drain Line A-B (RCFC&WCD MS 94, No. 4-0-00537). The design of the Line A-B storm drain system accounts for the fully developed condition of the tributary watershed it serves. In addition, Line A-B drainage areas were reallocated to account for proposed impacts of RCTC's Mid County Parkway to the Line A-B and Line A-C MDP tributaries. Accounting for the reallocation, this project will still be able to discharge unrestricted flow from the site. The A-B/A-C Reallocation Memo has been provided in Appendix C; it contains the existing drainage study and Line A-B as-built plans.

PROPOSED CONDITIONS

The project site will be encompassed by existing streets on the west and south side of the property and prevent any runoff from the streets to impact it. On the east side of the property, where the Perris Valley Storm Drain (PVSD) is located, there is an access road that serves as a ridge line/berm; it prevents any normal runoff in the PVSD from encroaching on the project site. However, there is a natural ridgeline

within the Metropolitan Water District (MWD) right-of-way to the north side of the project boundary that splits half of its discharge to the north and the other half to the south. The site is projected to receive approximately 3.0 acres of pervious offsite sheet flows. The project proposes to use concrete v-ditches and wall openings to convey the offsite runoff onsite. Offsite flows are proposed to be conveyed using the onsite storm drain system.

Onsite flows generated by the proposed project will be collected and conveyed using a combination of surface flows, curb and gutter, ribbon gutter, and storm drain. Water quality storm events will be directed to an onsite storage basin in the southeast corner via a Stormgate Vault structure before being pumped into and treated by a Contech Filterra unit (See FWQMP for more information). Flows higher than the water quality event will bypass the Stormgate Vault and continue to the existing Line A-B in Rider Street and continue into the Perris Valley Storm Drain.

As stated before, this project also proposes to widen the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel. The channel will be widened on both sides along the project frontage; it shall be completed before the start of this project's construction. A CLOMR/LOMR will be processed through FEMA as part of this development for the expanded channel.

METHODOLOGY

HYDROLOGY

Hydrologic calculations were performed in accordance with the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual, dated April 1978. The Rational Method was utilized in determining peak flow rates.

The hydrological parameters, including rainfall values and soil types were derived from the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual and have been included in Appendix A. The land use was assumed to be commercial for the developed as recommended in the hydrology manual.

The Rational Method was chosen to determine the peak flow rates that are used to size and design the subsurface storm drain systems to convey onsite flows to Line A-B. The flow rates were computed by generating a hydrologic "link-node" model in which the overall area is divided into separate drainage sub-areas, each tributary to a concentration point (node) determined by the proposed layout and grading.

Rational Method calculations were performed using a computer program developed by CivilDesign Corporation and Joseph E. Bonadiman and Associates Inc. The computer program is commonly referred to as CivilD which incorporates the hydrological parameters outlined in the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual

HYDRAULICS

Based on the results from the Rational Method Hydrology, a steady state hydraulic analysis of the storm drain system was performed to size/analyze onsite subsurface storm drain systems. The facilities were analyzed under the established 100-year flow rates. The computer program, Water Surface and Pressure Gradient (WSPG) from CivilDesign, Corp. Version 14.06 (originally Los Angeles County Flood Control District Program F0515P) was used to analyze the system. For additional information and results, see Appendix B.

Water quality basin calculations were performed using spreadsheets that were created by RCFC&WCD. Calculations and additional details can be found in the Final WQMP (FWQMP).

FIG. 1 VICINITY MAP

FIG. 2 USGS TOPOGRAPHY MAP

FIG. 3 AERIAL PHOTOGRAPH

FIG. 4 RECEIVING WATERBODIES

FIG. 5 SOILS MAP

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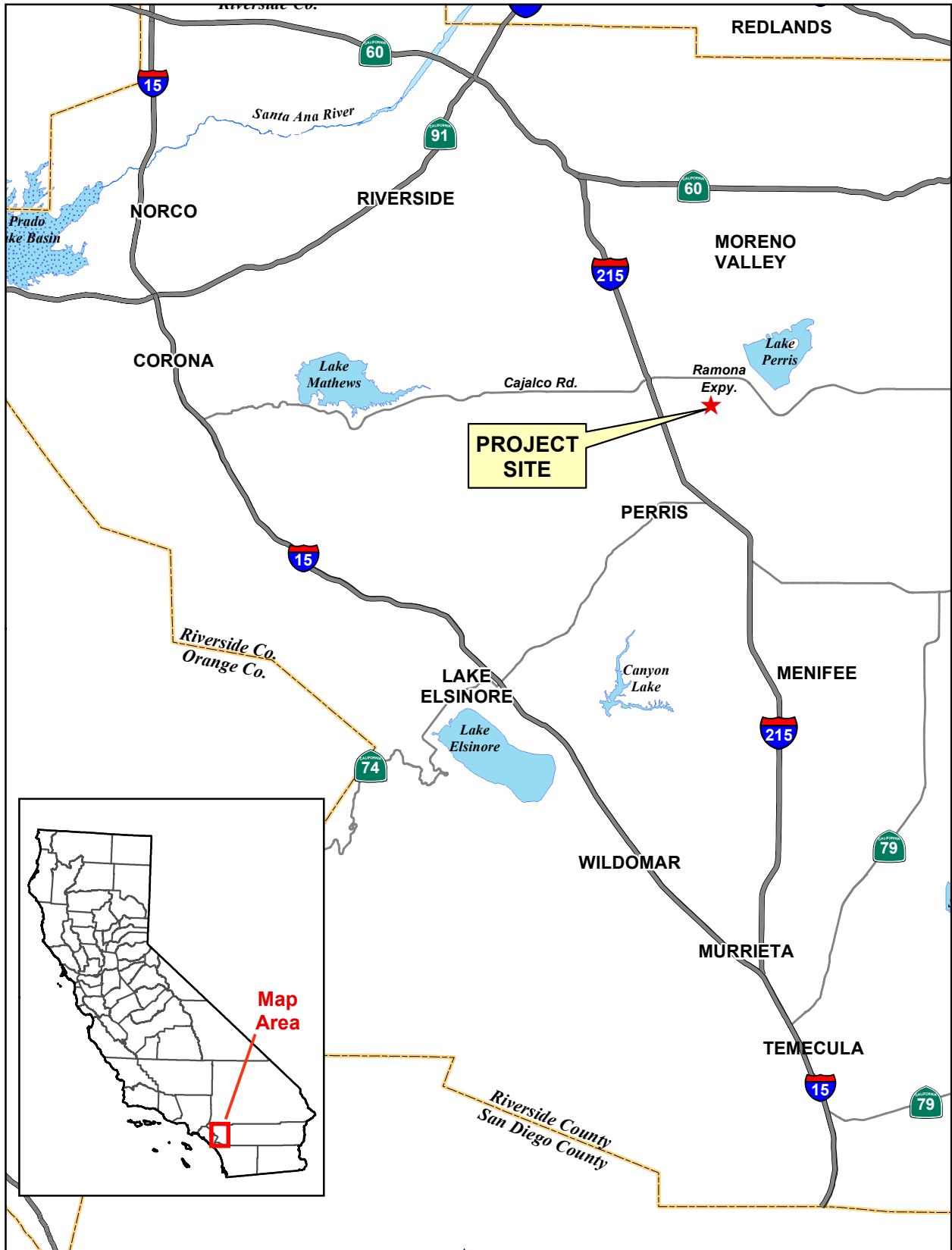
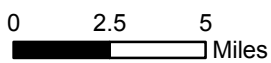
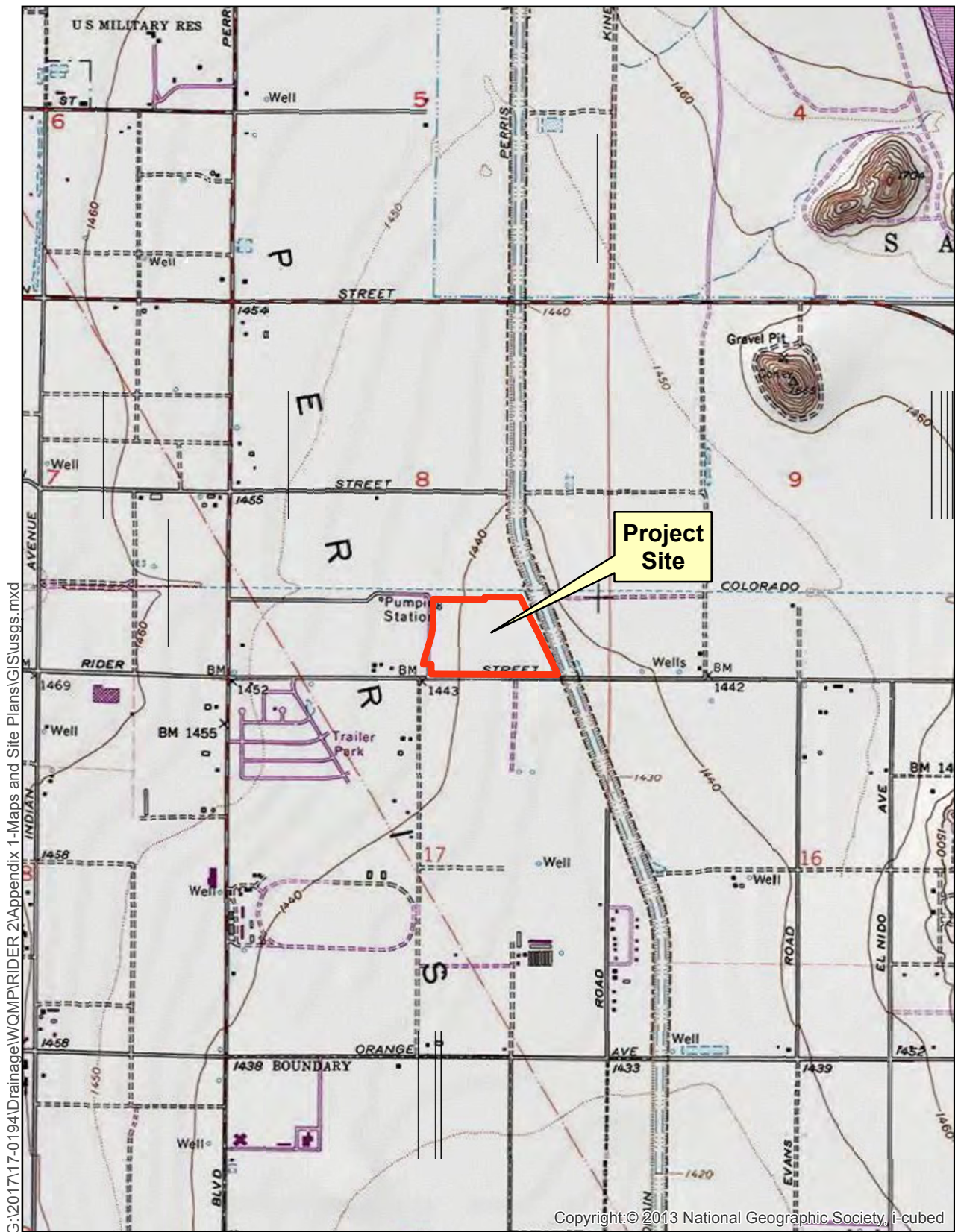


FIGURE 1: VICINITY MAP



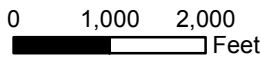


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Sources: ESRI / USGS 7.5min Quad
DRGs: PERRIS

Figure 2. USGS Topography Map

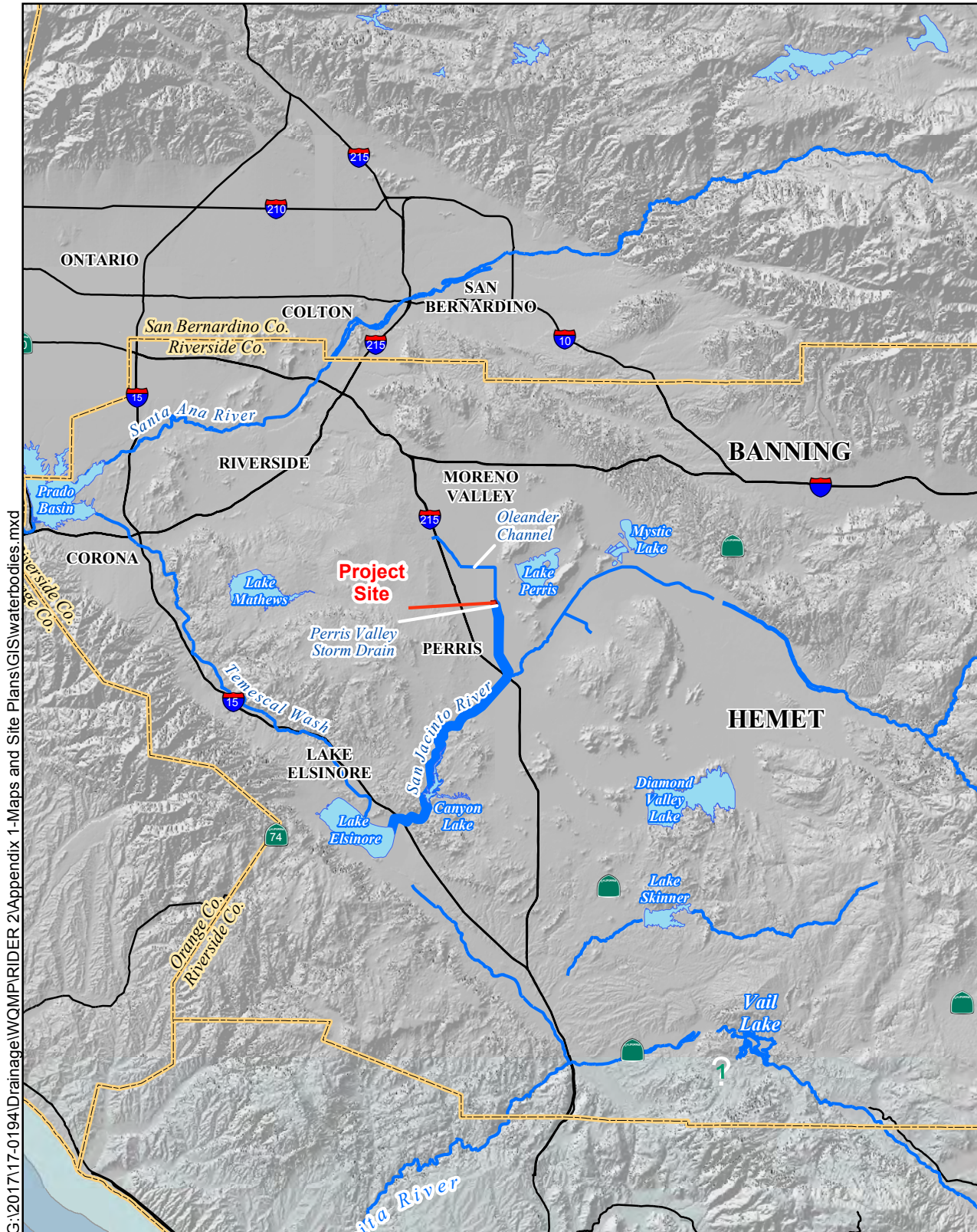


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Sources: County of Riverside GIS, 2013;
Eagle Aerial, April 2012.

Figure 3. Aerial Photograph



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Sources: USGS 30 Meter DEM;
USGS Digital Line Graph

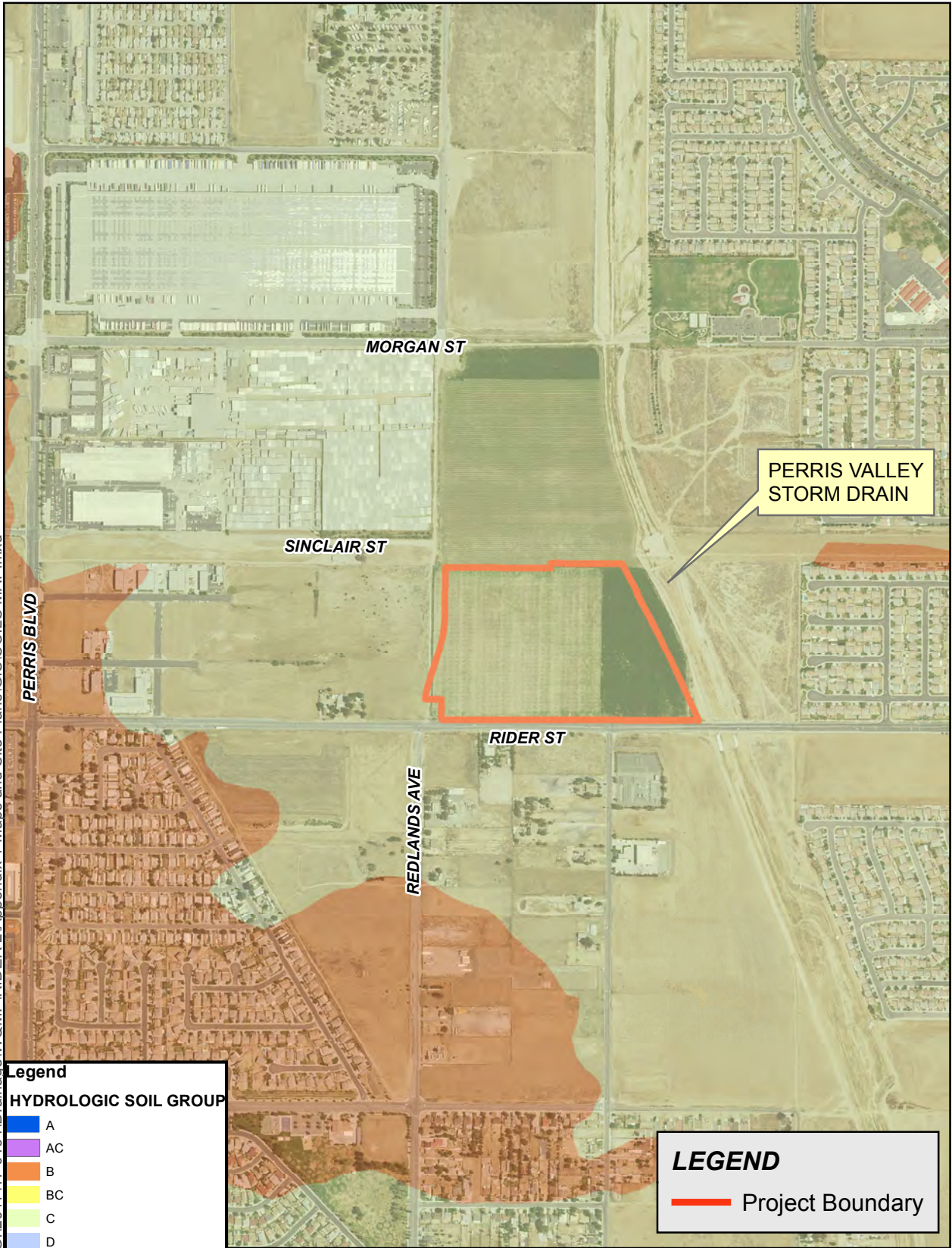
Figure 4. Receiving Waterbodies

0 2 4 6
Miles



Flowpath

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Legend

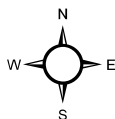
HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP

Blue	A
Purple	AC
Orange	B
Yellow	BC
Light Green	C
Light Blue	D

LEGEND

Red line	Project Boundary
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Eagle Aerial, April 2010;
 Riverside County GIS, 2012
 RCFC&WCD Hydology Manual Plate C-1.30



0 500 1,000
 Feet

Soils Map

SECTION 2 - HYDROLOGY ANALYSIS

HYDROLOGY PARAMETERS

The RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual was used to determine several of the hydrological parameters. The following rainfall depths were utilized in the hydrology analyses, which were obtained from the standard intensity-duration curve for Perris Valley per Plate D-4.1:

Table 1 - Precipitation Values

	Duration
Storm Event	1-Hour (inches)
10-Year	0.78
100-Year	1.12

The value for slope of intensity was determined to be 0.49 from Plate D-4.1 and has been included in Appendix A.

Based on the Plate C-1.30 (Perris) in the RCFC&WCD Hydrology Manual, the project site is comprised of soil type C. The soils map is included in Appendix A.

The cover type was determined based on the proposed use of the site. The commercial landscaping cover type was used to represent the developed condition. The table below summarizes the runoff index values and recommended values for percentage each category of impervious cover:

Table 2 - Cover Type

Cover Type	Soil Group A	Soil Group B	Soil Group C	Soil Group D	Percentage of Impervious Cover
Commercial Landscaping	32	56	69	75	90
Undeveloped Poor	67	78	86	89	0

ONSITE RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY

The rational method was used to determine peak flow rates in order to adequately size the proposed subsurface storm drains and associated inlets used to convey onsite flows through the site and into the existing Line A-B storm drain. The project site area was divided into 7 subareas and 2 watersheds (Watershed A and B).

Subarea-A1 and Subarea-A2 (approximately 18.2 acres) surface flow into 2 low points on the north side of the project. Runoff is conveyed westerly using storm drain system, Line-A. Line-A also captures the easterly tributaries Subarea-A3 and -A4 (approximately 6.3 acres); both subareas drain to Lateral-A1. A 100-year peak flow of 43.5 cfs is generated by these four sub areas.

Subarea-B1 and Subarea-B2 (approximately 15.1 acres) also surface flow the runoff into 2 low points on the south side of the project site. Runoff is conveyed westerly using a storm drain system, Line-B. A 100-year peak flow of 33.5 cfs is generated by these two subareas. Line-B will confluence with Line-A in the southeast corner of the project.

Subarea-Z (approximately 1.9 acres) is a self-contained pervious area. Runoff will drain to and be contained within the proposed water quality storage basin.

The following table summarizes the rational method results at key points:

Table 3 – Rational Method Results

Point of Interest	10-Year Peak Flow Rate (cfs)	100-Year Peak Flow Rate (cfs)
Node 108-Line-A Runoff tributary to Line-A	50.1	72.6
Node 202-Line-B Runoff tributary to Line-B	23.1	33.5
Node 106-Lateral-A1 Runoff tributary to Lateral-A1	6.4	9.4

The rational method output files and hydrology map have been included in Appendix A.

SECTION 3 - HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

ONSITE STORM DRAIN FACILITIES

The project proposes two subsurface storm drain systems to convey onsite flows. As stated before, the water quality flows will be redirected to an onsite storage basin by a Stormgate Vault before being pumped into and treated by a Contech Filterra unit; high flows will bypass the Stormgate structure. The high flow runoff will confluence in the southeast corner before discharging into an existing 8'W x 7'H RCB storm drain, Line A-B. It then drains into the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel. As stated before, the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel will be widened before the completion of this project. However, that design is not in the scope of this report. See the applicable offsite storm drain report for more information.

A brief summary of each system has been provided and the results of the hydraulic analyses are included in Appendix B. The peak flow rates determined during the 100-year rational method onsite hydrology analysis were utilized in WSPGW models to evaluate the proposed storm drain systems.

Line-A (Onsite)

The northern portion and eastern portion (via Lateral-A1) of the project site will surface flow to various low points and be collected by Line-A. Line-A, is a 36-inch HDPE storm drain upstream that transitions into a 48-inch HDPE storm drain downstream. Line-A proposes to convey the 100-year peak flow rate to existing RCB Line A-B. A hydraulic model for Line-A was developed to evaluate the storm drain design. The initial HGL for the model is the WSE corresponding to the required head needed for the 100-year peak flow of 72.6 cfs to bypass the interior weir of the Stormgate Vault. A maximum ponding depth of 1.9-feet is present at the upstream end of Line-A; the ponding water surface elevation (WSE) of 1442.6 is approximately 1.5-feet below the existing FEMA base flood elevation of 1444. This means that the onsite runoff does not contribute to a worsening flooding condition as is currently existing.

Lateral-A1 (Onsite)

The eastern portion of the project site will surface flow to two low points and be collected by Lateral-A1. Lateral-A1, is a 24-inch HDPE storm drain and proposes to convey the 100-year peak flow rate to Line-A. A hydraulic model for Lateral-A1 was developed to evaluate the storm drain design. The initial HGL for the model is the WSE at the Lateral-A1 junction in the Line-A model. A ponding WSE of 1439.3 is approximately 4-feet below the existing FEMA base flood elevation of 1444. This means that the onsite runoff does not contribute to a worsening flooding condition as is currently existing.

Line-B (Onsite)

The southern portion of the project site will surface flow to two low points be collected by Line-B. Line-B, is a 30-inch HDPE storm drain upstream that transitions into a 36-inch HDPE storm drain downstream. Line-B proposes to convey the 100-year peak flow rate to Line A. A hydraulic model for Line-B was developed to evaluate the storm drain design. The initial HGL for the model is the WSE at the Line-B junction in the Line-A model. A maximum ponding depth of 0.7-feet is present at the upstream end of Line-B; the ponding water surface elevation (WSE) of 1441.2 is approximately 1.5-feet below the existing FEMA base flood elevation of 1443. This means that the onsite runoff does not contribute to a worsening flooding condition as is currently existing.

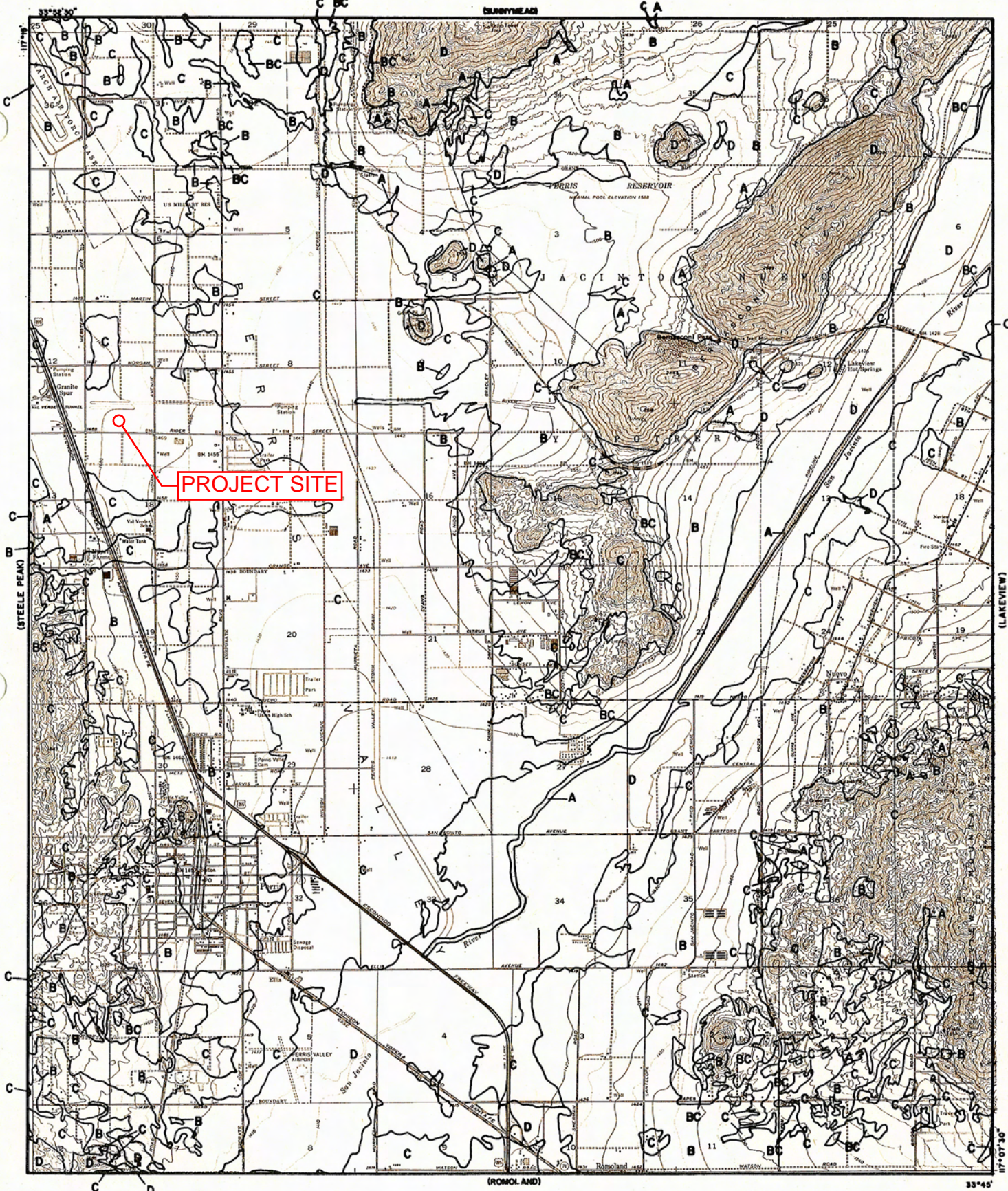
SECTION 4 - CONCLUSION

Based on the analyses and results of this report, the following conclusions were derived from the hydrology and hydraulic results:

- The proposed onsite subsurface storm drain systems will adequately convey flows to MDP Line A-B and provide flood protection for the 100-year storm event.
- The proposed project will not impact flooding conditions to upstream or downstream properties.

APPENDIX A – HYDROLOGY

HYDROLOGY PARAMETERS



LEGEND

— SOILS GROUP BOUNDARY
 A SOILS GROUP DESIGNATION

RCFC & WCD
 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

0 FEET 5000

**HYDROLOGIC SOILS GROUP MAP
 FOR
 PERRIS**

RAINFALL INTENSITY—INCHES PER HOUR

RCFC & WCD
 HYDROLOGY MANUAL

STANDARD
 INTENSITY - DURATION
 CURVES DATA

MIRA LOMA			MURRIETA - TEMECULA & RANCHO CALIFORNIA			NORCO			PALM SPRINGS			PERRIS VALLEY		
DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY		DURATION MINUTES	FREQUENCY	
	10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR		10 YEAR	100 YEAR
5	2.84	4.48	5	3.45	5.10	5	2.77	4.16	5	4.23	6.76	5	2.64	3.78
6	2.58	4.07	6	3.12	4.61	6	2.53	3.79	6	3.80	6.08	6	2.41	3.46
7	2.37	3.75	7	2.87	4.24	7	2.34	3.51	7	3.48	5.56	7	2.24	3.21
8	2.21	3.49	8	2.67	3.94	8	2.19	3.29	8	3.22	5.15	8	2.09	3.01
9	2.08	3.28	9	2.50	3.69	9	2.07	3.10	9	3.01	4.81	9	1.98	2.84
10	1.96	3.10	10	2.36	3.48	10	1.96	2.94	10	2.83	4.52	10	1.88	2.69
11	1.87	2.95	11	2.24	3.30	11	1.87	2.80	11	2.67	4.28	11	1.79	2.57
12	1.78	2.82	12	2.13	3.15	12	1.79	2.68	12	2.54	4.07	12	1.72	2.46
13	1.71	2.70	13	2.04	3.01	13	1.72	2.58	13	2.43	3.88	13	1.65	2.37
14	1.64	2.60	14	1.96	2.89	14	1.66	2.48	14	2.33	3.72	14	1.59	2.29
15	1.58	2.50	15	1.89	2.79	15	1.60	2.40	15	2.23	3.58	15	1.54	2.21
16	1.53	2.42	16	1.82	2.69	16	1.55	2.32	16	2.15	3.44	16	1.49	2.14
17	1.48	2.34	17	1.76	2.60	17	1.50	2.25	17	2.08	3.32	17	1.45	2.08
18	1.44	2.27	18	1.71	2.52	18	1.46	2.19	18	2.01	3.22	18	1.41	2.02
19	1.40	2.21	19	1.66	2.45	19	1.42	2.13	19	1.95	3.12	19	1.37	1.97
20	1.36	2.15	20	1.61	2.38	20	1.39	2.08	20	1.89	3.03	20	1.34	1.92
22	1.29	2.04	22	1.53	2.26	22	1.32	1.98	22	1.79	2.86	22	1.28	1.83
24	1.24	1.95	24	1.46	2.15	24	1.26	1.90	24	1.70	2.72	24	1.22	1.75
26	1.18	1.87	26	1.39	2.06	26	1.22	1.82	26	1.62	2.60	26	1.18	1.69
28	1.14	1.80	28	1.34	1.98	28	1.17	1.76	28	1.56	2.49	28	1.13	1.63
30	1.10	1.73	30	1.29	1.90	30	1.13	1.70	30	1.49	2.39	30	1.10	1.57
32	1.06	1.67	32	1.24	1.84	32	1.10	1.64	32	1.44	2.30	32	1.06	1.52
34	1.03	1.62	34	1.20	1.78	34	1.06	1.59	34	1.39	2.22	34	1.03	1.48
36	1.00	1.57	36	1.17	1.72	36	1.03	1.55	36	1.34	2.15	36	1.00	1.44
38	.97	1.53	38	1.13	1.67	38	1.01	1.51	38	1.30	2.09	38	.98	1.40
40	.94	1.49	40	1.10	1.62	40	.98	1.47	40	1.27	2.02	40	.95	1.37
45	.89	1.40	45	1.03	1.52	45	.92	1.39	45	1.18	1.89	45	.90	1.29
50	.84	1.32	50	.97	1.44	50	.88	1.31	50	1.11	1.78	50	.85	1.22
55	.80	1.26	55	.92	1.36	55	.84	1.25	55	1.05	1.68	55	.81	1.17
60	.76	1.20	60	.88	1.30	60	.80	1.20	60	1.00	1.60	60	.78	1.12
65	.73	1.15	65	.84	1.24	65	.77	1.15	65	.95	1.53	65	.75	1.08
70	.70	1.11	70	.81	1.19	70	.74	1.11	70	.91	1.46	70	.72	1.04
75	.68	1.07	75	.78	1.15	75	.72	1.07	75	.88	1.41	75	.70	1.00
80	.65	1.03	80	.75	1.11	80	.69	1.04	80	.85	1.35	80	.68	.97
85	.63	1.00	85	.73	1.07	85	.67	1.01	85	.82	1.31	85	.66	.94
SLOPE = .530			SLOPE = .550			SLOPE = .500			SLOPE = .580			SLOPE = .490		

10-YEAR PROPOSED ONSITE HYDROLOGY (RATIONAL METHOD)

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c) 1989 - 2004 Version 7.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 10/06/20 File:PROP10.out

17-0357 RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY - ONSITE STORM DRAIN
10 YEAR STORM EVENT
FN: PROP10.OUT TSW

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 4010

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 10.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Perris valley] area used.
10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 1.880(In/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.780(In/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.690(In/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.120(In/Hr)

Storm event year = 10.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 0.780(In/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4900

+++++
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 967.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1445.700(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.600(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 5.100(Ft.)
Slope = 0.00527 s(percent)= 0.53
TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2
Initial area time of concentration = 13.393 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.626(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.876
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 14.244(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 10.000(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

+++++
Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1436.600(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1435.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 577.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 14.244(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 14.244(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.38(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 25.18(In.)
Critical Depth = 15.76(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 4.94(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.95 min.

Time of concentration (TC) = PROP10.out
15.34 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.875
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Time of concentration = 15.34 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.522(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 10.914(CFS) for 8.200(Ac.)
Total runoff = 25.157(CFS) Total area = 18.200(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1435.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1432.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 869.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 25.157(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 25.157(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 25.69(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 21.05(In.)
Critical depth = 20.51(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.63(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 2.57 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 17.91 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 18.200(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 25.157(CFS)
Time of concentration = 17.91 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.410(In/Hr)

Process from Point/Station 104.000 to Point/Station 105.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 646.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1443.600(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1436.500(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 7.100(Ft.)
Slope = 0.01099 s(percent) = 1.10
TC = $k(0.710)*[(\text{length}^3)/(\text{elevation change})]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 23.289 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.240(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (fair cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.700
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 79.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 1.563(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.800(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000

Process from Point/Station 105.000 to Point/Station 106.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1434.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1433.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 51.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 1.563(CFS)

PROP10.out
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 9.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 1.563(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 6.55(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 8.01(In.)
 Critical depth = 6.90(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 4.53(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.19 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 23.48 min.

 Process from Point/Station 106.000 to Point/Station 106.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.871
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Time of concentration = 23.48 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.235(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
 Subarea runoff = 4.840(CFS) for 4.500(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 6.402(CFS) Total area = 6.300(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 106.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1433.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1432.400(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 15.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 6.402(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 6.402(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 6.79(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 11.90(In.)
 Critical depth could not be calculated.
 Pipe flow velocity = 13.98(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 23.49 min.

 Process from Point/Station 106.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 6.300(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 6.402(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 23.49 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.235(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	25.157	17.91	1.410
2	6.402	23.49	1.235

Largest stream flow has longer or shorter time of concentration
 $Q_p = 25.157 + \text{sum of } \frac{Q_a \cdot T_b}{T_a} = 6.402 * \frac{0.762}{0.762} = 4.881$
 $Q_p = 30.038$

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 25.157 6.402
 Area of streams before confluence:
 18.200 6.300
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 30.038(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 17.912 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 24.500(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1432.400(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1431.700(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 257.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 30.038(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 33.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 30.038(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 27.19(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 25.14(In.)
 Critical Depth = 21.86(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 5.74(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.75 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 18.66 min.

 Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 24.500(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 30.038(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.66 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.382(In/Hr)

 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 201.000
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 768.000(Ft.)
 Top (of initial area) elevation = 1447.300(Ft.)
 Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.500(Ft.)
 Difference in elevation = 6.800(Ft.)
 Slope = 0.00885 s(percent) = 0.89
 $TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation\ change)]^{0.2}$
 Initial area time of concentration = 11.011 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.790(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm
 COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.877
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Initial subarea runoff = 14.765(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 9.400(Ac.)
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100

 Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 202.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1436.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1434.400(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 504.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 14.765(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 24.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 14.765(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 18.38(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 20.33(In.)
 Critical Depth = 16.61(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 5.72(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.47 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.48 min.

 Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 202.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.876
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Time of concentration = 12.48 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.684(In/Hr) for a 10.0 year storm

Subarea runoff = 8.411(CFS) for PROP10.out
 Total runoff = 23.175(CFS) Total area = 15.100(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1434.400(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1431.700(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 571.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 23.175(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 23.175(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 22.22(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 20.61(In.)
 Critical depth = 20.23(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.61(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.44 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 13.92 min.

Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 15.100(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 23.175(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.92 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.596(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	30.038	18.66	1.382
2	23.175	13.92	1.596

Largest stream flow has longer time of concentration

Qp = 30.038 + sum of
 $Q_b = 23.175 * 0.866 = 20.075$
 Qp = 50.114

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 30.038 23.175
 Area of streams before confluence:
 24.500 15.100
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 50.114(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.658 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 39.600(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 107.000 to Point/Station 108.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1431.700(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1431.100(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 195.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 50.114(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 39.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 50.114(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 32.34(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 29.35(In.)
 Critical depth = 27.12(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.82(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.48 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 19.13 min.
 End of computations, total study area = 39.60 (Ac.)
 The following figures may be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(Ap) = 0.141
 Area averaged RI index number = 69.5

100-YEAR PROPOSED ONSITE HYDROLOGY (RATIONAL METHOD)

Riverside County Rational Hydrology Program

CIVILCADD/CIVILDESIGN Engineering Software,(c) 1989 - 2004 Version 7.0
Rational Hydrology Study Date: 10/06/20 File:PROP100.out

17-0357 RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY - ONSITE STORM DRAIN
100 YEAR STORM EVENT
FN: PROP100.OUT TSW

***** Hydrology Study Control Information *****

English (in-lb) Units used in input data file

Program License Serial Number 4010

Rational Method Hydrology Program based on
Riverside County Flood Control & water Conservation District
1978 hydrology manual

Storm event (year) = 100.00 Antecedent Moisture Condition = 2

Standard intensity-duration curves data (Plate D-4.1)
For the [Perris valley] area used.
10 year storm 10 minute intensity = 1.880(In/Hr)
10 year storm 60 minute intensity = 0.780(In/Hr)
100 year storm 10 minute intensity = 2.690(In/Hr)
100 year storm 60 minute intensity = 1.120(In/Hr)

Storm event year = 100.0
Calculated rainfall intensity data:
1 hour intensity = 1.120(In/Hr)
Slope of intensity duration curve = 0.4900

+++++
Process from Point/Station 100.000 to Point/Station 101.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 967.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1445.700(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.600(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 5.100(Ft.)
Slope = 0.00527 s(percent)= 0.53
TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation change)]^0.2
Initial area time of concentration = 13.393 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.335(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.882
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Initial subarea runoff = 20.589(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 10.000(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 0.100

+++++
Process from Point/Station 101.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1436.600(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1435.000(Ft.)
Pipe length = 577.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 20.589(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 30.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 20.589(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 21.84(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 26.70(In.)
Critical Depth = 18.49(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 5.38(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 1.79 min.

PROP100.out
Time of concentration (TC) = 15.18 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 102.000
**** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
Runoff Coefficient = 0.881
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
Time of concentration = 15.18 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.196(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
Subarea runoff = 15.861(CFS) for 8.200(Ac.)
Total runoff = 36.450(CFS) Total area = 18.200(Ac.)

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1435.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1432.400(Ft.)
Pipe length = 869.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 36.450(CFS)
Nearest computed pipe diameter = 36.00(In.)
Calculated individual pipe flow = 36.450(CFS)
Normal flow depth in pipe = 27.28(In.)
Flow top width inside pipe = 30.85(In.)
Critical depth = 23.54(In.)
Pipe flow velocity = 6.35(Ft/s)
Travel time through pipe = 2.28 min.
Time of concentration (TC) = 17.46 min.

Process from Point/Station 102.000 to Point/Station 103.000
**** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
Stream flow area = 18.200(Ac.)
Runoff from this stream = 36.450(CFS)
Time of concentration = 17.46 min.
Rainfall intensity = 2.051(In/Hr)

Process from Point/Station 104.000 to Point/Station 105.000
**** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 646.000(Ft.)
Top (of initial area) elevation = 1443.600(Ft.)
Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1436.500(Ft.)
Difference in elevation = 7.100(Ft.)
Slope = 0.01099 s(percent) = 1.10
TC = $k(0.710)*[(length^3)/(elevation\ change)]^{0.2}$
Initial area time of concentration = 23.289 min.
Rainfall intensity = 1.781(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
UNDEVELOPED (fair cover) subarea
Runoff Coefficient = 0.751
Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 79.00
Pervious area fraction = 1.000; Impervious fraction = 0.000
Initial subarea runoff = 2.406(CFS)
Total initial stream area = 1.800(Ac.)
Pervious area fraction = 1.000

Process from Point/Station 105.000 to Point/Station 106.000
**** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1434.000(Ft.)
Downstream point/station elevation = 1433.500(Ft.)
Pipe length = 51.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 2.406(CFS)

PROP100.out

Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 2.406(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 6.90(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 11.86(In.)
 Critical depth = 7.97(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 5.14(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.17 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 23.45 min.

 Process from Point/Station 106.000 to Point/Station 106.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.877
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Time of concentration = 23.45 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.775(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 Subarea runoff = 7.006(CFS) for 4.500(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 9.412(CFS) Total area = 6.300(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 106.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1433.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1432.400(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 15.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 9.412(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 12.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 9.412(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 8.91(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 10.50(In.)
 Critical depth could not be calculated.
 Pipe flow velocity = 15.06(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.02 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 23.47 min.

 Process from Point/Station 106.000 to Point/Station 103.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 6.300(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 9.412(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 23.47 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 1.774(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
1	36.450	17.46	2.051
2	9.412	23.47	1.774

Largest stream flow has longer or shorter time of concentration
 $Q_p = 36.450 + \text{sum of}$
 $Q_a \quad T_b/T_a$
 $9.412 * 0.744 = 7.003$
 $Q_p = 43.453$

Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 36.450 9.412
 Area of streams before confluence:
 18.200 6.300
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 43.453(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 17.463 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 24.500(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1432.400(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1431.700(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 257.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 43.453(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 39.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 43.453(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 29.77(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 33.16(In.)
 Critical Depth = 25.20(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.39(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.67 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 18.13 min.

 Process from Point/Station 103.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 1
 Stream flow area = 24.500(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 43.453(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.13 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.013(In/Hr)

 Process from Point/Station 200.000 to Point/Station 201.000
 **** INITIAL AREA EVALUATION ****

Initial area flow distance = 768.000(Ft.)
 Top (of initial area) elevation = 1447.300(Ft.)
 Bottom (of initial area) elevation = 1440.500(Ft.)
 Difference in elevation = 6.800(Ft.)
 Slope = 0.00885 s(percent) = 0.89
 $TC = k(0.300)*[(length^3)/(elevation\ change)]^{0.2}$
 Initial area time of concentration = 11.011 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.570(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm
 COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.883
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Initial subarea runoff = 21.335(CFS)
 Total initial stream area = 9.400(Ac.)
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100

 Process from Point/Station 201.000 to Point/Station 202.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1436.500(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1434.400(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 504.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 21.335(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 27.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 21.335(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 21.80(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 21.30(In.)
 Critical Depth = 19.41(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 6.21(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.35 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 12.36 min.

 Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 202.000
 **** SUBAREA FLOW ADDITION ****

COMMERCIAL subarea type
 Runoff Coefficient = 0.882
 Decimal fraction soil group A = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group B = 0.000
 Decimal fraction soil group C = 1.000
 Decimal fraction soil group D = 0.000
 RI index for soil(AMC 2) = 69.00
 Pervious area fraction = 0.100; Impervious fraction = 0.900
 Time of concentration = 12.36 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.429(In/Hr) for a 100.0 year storm

PROP100.out

Subarea runoff = 12.212(CFS) for 5.700(Ac.)
 Total runoff = 33.547(CFS) Total area = 15.100(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1434.400(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1431.700(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 571.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 33.547(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 33.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 33.547(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 23.39(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 29.98(In.)
 Critical depth = 23.13(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 7.45(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 1.28 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 13.64 min.

 Process from Point/Station 202.000 to Point/Station 107.000
 **** CONFLUENCE OF MINOR STREAMS ****

Along Main Stream number: 1 in normal stream number 2
 Stream flow area = 15.100(Ac.)
 Runoff from this stream = 33.547(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 13.64 min.
 Rainfall intensity = 2.314(In/Hr)
 Summary of stream data:

Stream No.	Flow rate (CFS)	TC (min)	Rainfall Intensity (In/Hr)
------------	-----------------	----------	----------------------------

1	43.453	18.13	2.013
2	33.547	13.64	2.314

Largest stream flow has longer time of concentration

Qp = 43.453 + sum of

$$Q_b \quad I_a/I_b$$

$$33.547 * 0.870 = 29.181$$
 Qp = 72.634

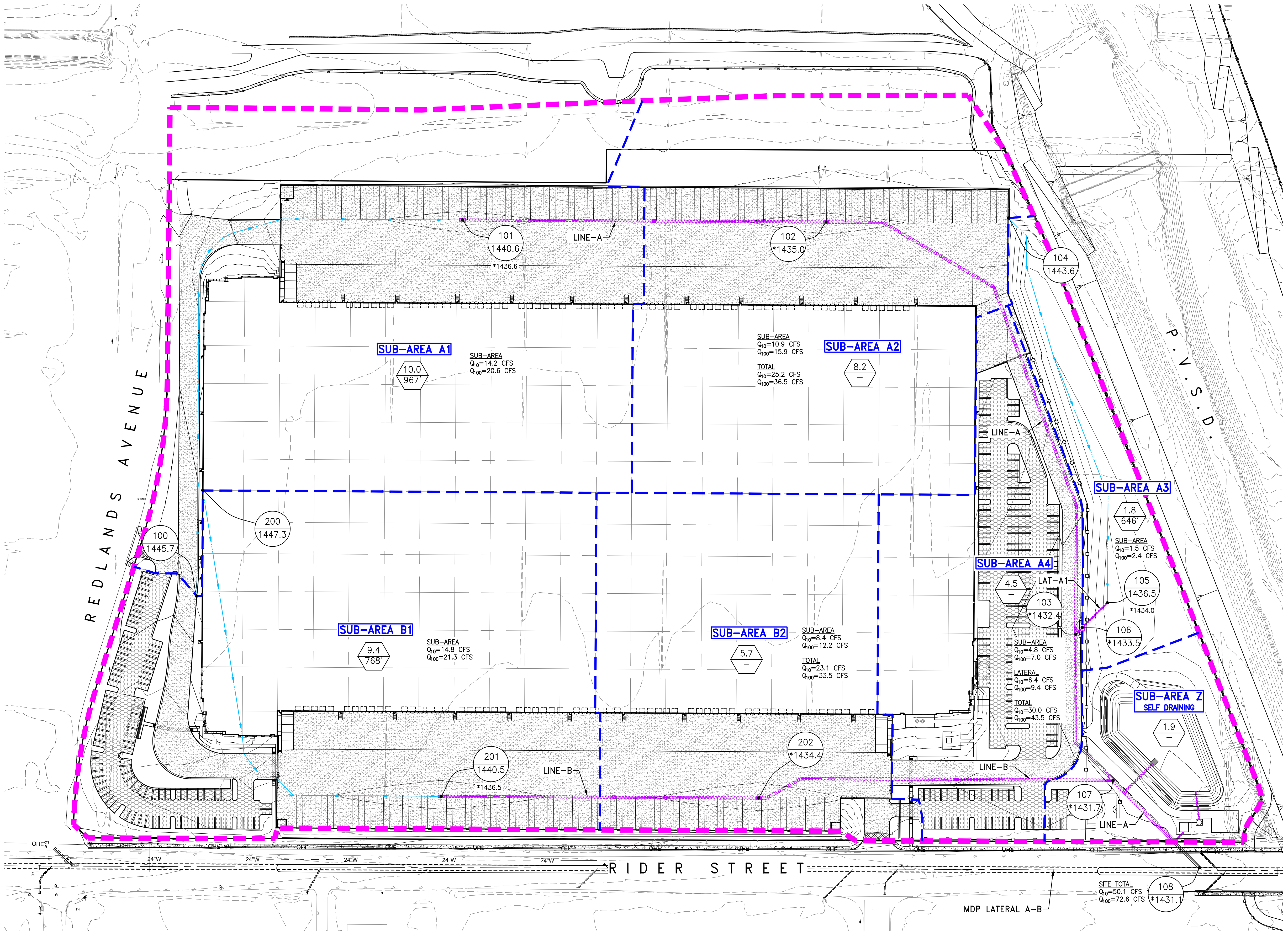
Total of 2 streams to confluence:
 Flow rates before confluence point:
 43.453 33.547
 Area of streams before confluence:
 24.500 15.100
 Results of confluence:
 Total flow rate = 72.634(CFS)
 Time of concentration = 18.133 min.
 Effective stream area after confluence = 39.600(Ac.)

 Process from Point/Station 107.000 to Point/Station 108.000
 **** PIPEFLOW TRAVEL TIME (Program estimated size) ****

Upstream point/station elevation = 1431.700(Ft.)
 Downstream point/station elevation = 1431.100(Ft.)
 Pipe length = 195.00(Ft.) Manning's N = 0.012
 No. of pipes = 1 Required pipe flow = 72.634(CFS)
 Nearest computed pipe diameter = 45.00(In.)
 Calculated individual pipe flow = 72.634(CFS)
 Normal flow depth in pipe = 36.84(In.)
 Flow top width inside pipe = 34.67(In.)
 Critical depth = 31.50(In.)
 Pipe flow velocity = 7.50(Ft/s)
 Travel time through pipe = 0.43 min.
 Time of concentration (TC) = 18.57 min.
 End of computations, total study area = 39.60 (Ac.)
 The following figures may
 be used for a unit hydrograph study of the same area.

Area averaged pervious area fraction(Ap) = 0.141
 Area averaged RI index number = 69.5

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY MAP



LEGEND

- - - - - DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT BOUNDARY
- FLOW DIRECTION
- 101
14xx
*14xx NODE DESIGNATION
NODE ELEVATION
*INVERT ELEVATION
- 5.0
1000 WATERSHED AREA (ACRES)
LONGEST WATER PATH (FT)

N
W E
S

1" = 80'

CITY OF PERRIS	
RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II RATIONAL METHOD MAP DEVELOPED CONDITION	
SCALE: 1"=80'	W.O. 17-0357
DATE: 10/01/2020	SHEET 1
DESIGNED:	OF 1 SHEETS
CHECKED:	DWG. NO.
PLN CK REF:	
F.B.	

ALBERT A. WEBB ASSOCIATES

ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS
3788 McCRAY STREET
RIVERSIDE CA 92506
PH. (951) 686-1070
FAX (951) 788-1256

10/29/2020 11:02:02 AM

APPENDIX B – HYDRAULICS

LINE-A

T1 IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II

0

T2 ONSITE STORM DRAIN LINE A

T3 FN: LINEA.WSW

SO	1175.1401431.600	1				1438.070				
REM	INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM 100 YEAR WATER SURFACE ELEVATION IN STORMGATE MANHOLE (WEIR INV. + H									
	= 1435.30 + 2.77' = 1438.07)									
R	1199.0201431.670	1		.012			.000	.000	0	
JX	1201.0201431.680	2	3	.012	33.500	1432.180	-45.0		.000	
R	1286.7001431.930	2		.012			.000	45.000	0	
R	1455.9501432.420	2		.012			.000	.000	0	
JX	1457.9501432.430	3	5	.012	9.400	1432.930	45.0		.000	
R	1660.5301433.020	3		.012			.000	-20.970	1	
R	2032.8201434.100	3		.012			.000	-39.050	1	
R	2236.8101434.690	3		.012			.000	-30.000	0	
R	2323.8801434.940	3		.012			.000	.000	0	
WE	2323.8801434.940	7		.200						
JX	2327.1301434.950	7	7	.015	15.900	1434.950	00.0		.000	
R	2330.3801434.960	7		.015			.000	.000	0	
WX	2330.3801434.960	3								
R	2600.0001435.740	3		.012			.000	.000	1	
R	2897.0401436.610	3		.012			.000	0.000	0	
WE	2897.0401436.610	7		.200						
R	2900.0401436.620	7		.015			.000	.000	0	
SH	2900.0401436.620	7				1436.620				
CD	1	4	1	.000	4.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	2	4	1	.000	3.500	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	3	4	1	.000	3.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	4	4	1	.000	2.500	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	5	4	1	.000	2.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	6	4	1	.000	1.500	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	7	2	0	.000	4.000	3.000	.000	.000	.00	
Q				20.600	.0					

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - CHANNEL DEFINITION LISTING

CARD	SECT	CHN	NO OF	AVE	PIER	HEIGHT 1	BASE	ZL	ZR	INV	Y(1)	Y(2)	Y(3)	Y(4)
Y(5)	Y(6)	Y(7)	Y(8)	Y(9)	Y(10)									
CODE	NO	TYPE	PIER/PIP	WIDTH		DIAMETER	WIDTH			DROP				
CD	1	4	1			4.000								
CD	2	4	1			3.500								
CD	3	4	1			3.000								
CD	4	4	1			2.500								
CD	5	4	1			2.000								
CD	6	4	1			1.500								
CD	7	2	0	.000		4.000	3.000			.00				

W S P G W

PAGE NO 1

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - TITLE CARD LISTING

HEADING LINE NO 1 IS - IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
 HEADING LINE NO 2 IS - ONSITE STORM DRAIN LINE A
 HEADING LINE NO 3 IS - FN: LINEA.WSW

W S P G W

PAGE NO 2

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

ELEMENT NO	1 IS A	SYSTEM OUTLET	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
1438.070				1175.140	1431.600	1								
REMARKS: INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM 100 YEAR WATER SURFACE ELEVATION IN STORMGATE MANHOLE (WEIR INV. + H = 1)														
ELEMENT NO	2 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1199.020	1431.670	1							.012	
.000	.000	.000	0											
ELEMENT NO	3 IS A	JUNCTION	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4			
INVERT-3	INVERT-4	PHI 3	PHI 4	1201.020	1431.680	2	3	0	.012	33.500	.000			
1432.180	.000	-45.000	.000											
RADIUS	ANGLE													
.000	.000													
ELEMENT NO	4 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1286.700	1431.930	2							.012	
.000	.000	45.000	0											
ELEMENT NO	5 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1455.950	1432.420	2							.012	
.000	.000	.000	0											
ELEMENT NO	6 IS A	JUNCTION	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4			
INVERT-3	INVERT-4	PHI 3	PHI 4	1457.950	1432.430	3	5	0	.012	9.400	.000			
1432.930	.000	45.000	.000											
RADIUS	ANGLE													
.000	.000													
ELEMENT NO	7 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1660.530	1433.020	3							.012	
.000	.000	-20.970	1											
ELEMENT NO	8 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	2032.820	1434.100	3							.012	
.000	.000	-39.050	1											
ELEMENT NO	9 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								

WATER SURFACE PROFILE LISTING
 IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
 ONSITE STORM DRAIN LINE A
 FN: LINEA.WSW

Date:10-21-2020 Time: 4:43:54

Station	Invert Elev	Depth (FT)	Water Elev	Q (CFS)	Vel (FPS)	Vel Head	Energy Grd.El.	Super Elev	Critical Depth	Flow Top Width	Height/Dia.-FT	Base Wt or I.D.	ZL	No Wth Prs/Pip
L/Elem	Ch Slope					SF Ave	HF	SE Dpth	Froude N	Norm Dp	"N"	X-Fall	ZR	Type Ch
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
1175.140	1431.600	6.470	1438.070	79.40	6.32	.62	1438.69	.00	2.70	.00	4.000	.000	.00	1 .0
23.880	.0029					.0026	.06	6.47	.00	3.09	.012	.00	.00	PIPE
1199.020	1431.670	6.462	1438.132	79.40	6.32	.62	1438.75	.00	2.70	.00	4.000	.000	.00	1 .0
JUNCT STR	.0050					.0022	.00	6.46	.00		.012	.00	.00	PIPE
1201.020	1431.680	6.934	1438.614	45.90	4.77	.35	1438.97	.00	2.11	.00	3.500	.000	.00	1 .0
85.680	.0029					.0018	.15	6.93	.00	2.32	.012	.00	.00	PIPE
1286.700	1431.930	6.888	1438.818	45.90	4.77	.35	1439.17	.00	2.11	.00	3.500	.000	.00	1 .0
169.250	.0029					.0018	.30	6.89	.00	2.33	.012	.00	.00	PIPE
1455.950	1432.420	6.698	1439.118	45.90	4.77	.35	1439.47	.00	2.11	.00	3.500	.000	.00	1 .0
JUNCT STR	.0050					.0022	.00	6.70	.00		.012	.00	.00	PIPE
1457.950	1432.430	6.732	1439.162	36.50	5.16	.41	1439.58	.00	1.96	.00	3.000	.000	.00	1 .0
202.580	.0029					.0026	.52	6.73	.00	2.30	.012	.00	.00	PIPE
1660.530	1433.020	6.708	1439.728	36.50	5.16	.41	1440.14	.00	1.96	.00	3.000	.000	.00	1 .0
372.290	.0029					.0026	.95	6.71	.00	2.31	.012	.00	.00	PIPE
2032.820	1434.100	6.652	1440.752	36.50	5.16	.41	1441.17	.00	1.96	.00	3.000	.000	.00	1 .0
203.990	.0029					.0026	.52	6.65	.00	2.31	.012	.00	.00	PIPE
2236.810	1434.690	6.624	1441.314	36.50	5.16	.41	1441.73	.00	1.96	.00	3.000	.000	.00	1 .0
87.070	.0029					.0026	.22	6.62	.00	2.32	.012	.00	.00	PIPE

LINE-B

T1 IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II

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T2 ONSITE STORM DRAIN LINE B

T3 FN: LINEB.WSW

SO	1000.0001432.180	1						1438.070		
REM	INITIAL HGL	TAKEN	FROM	100 YEAR	WATER SURFACE	ELEVATION	IN	LINE A	MODEL	
R	1250.0001433.180	1		.012				.000	.000	1
R	1495.1001434.160	1		.012				.000	-30.000	0
R	1557.8701434.410	1		.012				.000	30.000	1
R	1567.8701434.450	1		.012				.000	.000	0
WE	1567.8701434.450	3		.200						
JX	1571.1201434.470	3	3	.015	12.200			1434.470	00.0	.000
R	1574.3701434.480	3		.015				.000	.000	0
WX	1574.3701434.480	2								
R	1800.0001435.380	2		.012				.000	.000	1
R	2067.3701436.450	2		.012				.000	.000	0
WE	2067.3701436.450	3		.200						
R	2070.3701436.470	3		.015				.000	.000	0
SH	2070.3701436.470	3						1436.470		
CD	1	4	1	.000	3.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	2	4	1	.000	2.500	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	3	2	0	.000	4.000	3.000	.000	.000	.00	
Q				21.300	.0					

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - CHANNEL DEFINITION LISTING

CARD	SECT	CHN	NO OF	AVE	PIER	HEIGHT 1	BASE	ZL	ZR	INV	Y(1)	Y(2)	Y(3)	Y(4)
Y(5)	Y(6)	Y(7)	Y(8)	Y(9)	Y(10)									
CODE	NO	TYPE	PIER/PIP	WIDTH		DIAMETER	WIDTH			DROP				
CD	1	4	1			3.000								
CD	2	4	1			2.500								
CD	3	2	0	.000		4.000	3.000			.00				

W S P G W

PAGE NO 1

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - TITLE CARD LISTING

HEADING LINE NO 1 IS -
IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II

HEADING LINE NO 2 IS -
ONSITE STORM DRAIN LINE B

HEADING LINE NO 3 IS -
FN: LINEB.WSW

W S P G W

PAGE NO 2

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

ELEMENT NO	1 IS A	SYSTEM OUTLET	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
ELEV														
1438.070				1000.000	1432.180	1								

REMARKS: INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM 100 YEAR WATER SURFACE ELEVATION IN LINE A MODEL

ELEMENT NO	2 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
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.000	.000	.000	1	1250.000	1433.180	1								.012
ELEMENT NO	3 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN	H										
.000	.000	-30.000	0	1495.100	1434.160	1								.012
ELEMENT NO	4 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN	H										
.000	.000	30.000	1	1557.870	1434.410	1								.012
ELEMENT NO	5 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN	H										
.000	.000	.000	0	1567.870	1434.450	1								.012
ELEMENT NO	6 IS A	WALL ENTRANCE	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE			H										
.000	.000			1567.870	1434.450	3								FP
ELEMENT NO	7 IS A	JUNCTION												
RADIUS	ANGLE													
.000	.000													
INVERT-3	INVERT-4	PHI 3	PHI 4	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4		
1434.470	.000	.000	.000	.000	1571.120	1434.470	3	3	0	.015	12.200	.000		
ELEMENT NO	8 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN	H										
.000	.000	.000	0	1574.370	1434.480	3								.015
ELEMENT NO	9 IS A	WALL EXIT	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE			H										
.000	.000			1574.370	1434.480	2								
ELEMENT NO	10 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN	H										
.000	.000	.000	1	1800.000	1435.380	2								.012
ELEMENT NO	11 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT								
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN	H										
.000	.000	.000	0	2067.370	1436.450	2								.012

WATER SURFACE PROFILE LISTING
IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
ONSITE STORM DRAIN LINE B
FN: LINEB.WSW

Date:10-21-2020 Time: 5:34:48

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*****
Station  | Invert  | Depth  | Water  | Q      | Vel    | Vel   | Energy | Super | Critical | Flow Top | Height/ | Base Wt |  |  |
          | Elev    | (FT)   | Elev   | (CFS) | (FPS) | Head  | Grd.El. | Elev  | Depth   | Width   | Dia.-FT | or I.D. | ZL | No Wth
L/Elem   | Ch Slope |         |         |         |         | SF Ave | HF     | SE Dpth | Froude N | Norm Dp | "N"     | X-Fall | ZR | Type Ch
***** | ***** |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     | *****
1000.000 | 1432.180 | 5.890 | 1438.070 | 33.50 | 4.74 | .35 | 1438.42 | .00 | 1.88 | .00 | 3.000 | .000 | .00 | 1 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
250.000  | .0040 |         |         |         |         | .0021 | .54 | 5.89 | .00 | 1.91 | .012 | .00 | .00 | PIPE
1250.000 | 1433.180 | 5.445 | 1438.625 | 33.50 | 4.74 | .35 | 1438.97 | .00 | 1.88 | .00 | 3.000 | .000 | .00 | 1 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
245.100  | .0040 |         |         |         |         | .0021 | .53 | 5.44 | .00 | 1.91 | .012 | .00 | .00 | PIPE
1495.100 | 1434.160 | 5.026 | 1439.186 | 33.50 | 4.74 | .35 | 1439.53 | .00 | 1.88 | .00 | 3.000 | .000 | .00 | 1 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
62.770   | .0040 |         |         |         |         | .0021 | .13 | 5.03 | .00 | 1.91 | .012 | .00 | .00 | PIPE
1557.870 | 1434.410 | 4.963 | 1439.373 | 33.50 | 4.74 | .35 | 1439.72 | .00 | 1.88 | .00 | 3.000 | .000 | .00 | 1 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
10.000   | .0040 |         |         |         |         | .0021 | .02 | 4.96 | .00 | 1.91 | .012 | .00 | .00 | PIPE
1567.870 | 1434.450 | 4.945 | 1439.395 | 33.50 | 4.74 | .35 | 1439.74 | .00 | 1.88 | .00 | 3.000 | .000 | .00 | 1 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
WALL ENTRANCE
1567.870 | 1434.450 | 5.279 | 1439.729 | 33.50 | 2.12 | .07 | 1439.80 | .00 | 1.57 | 3.00 | 4.000 | 3.000 | .00 | 0 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
JUNCT STR | .0062 |         |         |         |         | .0003 | .00 | 5.28 | .16 |         | .015 | .00 | .00 | RECTANG
1571.120 | 1434.470 | 5.318 | 1439.788 | 21.30 | 1.34 | .03 | 1439.82 | .00 | 1.16 | 3.00 | 4.000 | 3.000 | .00 | 0 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
3.250    | .0031 |         |         |         |         | .0001 | .00 | 5.32 | .10 | 1.55 | .015 | .00 | .00 | RECTANG
1574.370 | 1434.480 | 5.309 | 1439.789 | 21.30 | 1.34 | .03 | 1439.82 | .00 | 1.16 | 3.00 | 4.000 | 3.000 | .00 | 0 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
WALL EXIT
1574.370 | 1434.480 | 5.309 | 1439.789 | 21.30 | 4.34 | .29 | 1440.08 | .00 | 1.57 | .00 | 2.500 | .000 | .00 | 1 .0
          |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |         |     |
225.630  | .0040 |         |         |         |         | .0023 | .52 | 5.31 | .00 | 1.63 | .012 | .00 | .00 | PIPE

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LATERAL-A1

T1 IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II

0

T2 ONSITE STORM DRAIN LATERAL A1

T3 FN: LATA1.WSW

SO	1000.0001432.930	1						1439.160		
REM	INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM THE WSPG RESULTS OF LINE A									
R	1014.8501433.380	1		.012					.000	.000 0
WE	1014.8501433.380	3		.200						
JX	1017.0901433.440	3	3	.015	7.000			1433.440	00.0	.000
R	1019.3301433.510	3		.015					.000	.000 0
WX	1019.3301433.510	2								
R	1067.7101433.960	2		.012					.000	.000 0
WE	1067.7101433.960	4		.500						
R	1070.7101433.980	4		.012					.000	.000 0
SH	1070.7101433.980	4						1433.980		
CD	1	4	1	.000	2.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	2	4	1	.000	2.000	.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	3	3	0	.000	5.000	10.000	.000	.000	.00	
CD	4	3	0	.000	2.500	1.500	.000	.000	.00	
Q				2.400	.0					

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - CHANNEL DEFINITION LISTING

CARD	SECT	CHN	NO	OF	AVE	PIER	HEIGHT	1	BASE	ZL	ZR	INV	Y(1)	Y(2)	Y(3)	Y(4)
Y(5)	Y(6)	Y(7)	Y(8)	Y(9)	Y(10)											
CODE	NO	TYPE	PIER/PIP	WIDTH	DIAMETER	WIDTH	DROP									
CD	1	4	1		2.000											
CD	2	4	1		2.000											
CD	3	3	0	.000	5.000	10.000	.000	.000	.00							
CD	4	3	0	.000	2.500	1.500	.000	.000	.00							

PAGE NO 1

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - TITLE CARD LISTING

HEADING LINE NO 1 IS - IDI LOGISTICS - RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER II
 HEADING LINE NO 2 IS - ONSITE STORM DRAIN LATERAL A1
 HEADING LINE NO 3 IS - FN: LATA1.WSW

W S P G W

PAGE NO 2

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

ELEMENT NO	1 IS A	SYSTEM OUTLET	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	W S									
ELEV				1000.000	1432.930	1										
1439.160																
REMARKS: INITIAL HGL TAKEN FROM THE WSPG RESULTS OF LINE A																
ELEMENT NO	2 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N									
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1014.850	1433.380	1										.012
.000	.000	.000	0													
ELEMENT NO	3 IS A	WALL ENTRANCE	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	FP									
				1014.850	1433.380	3										.200
ELEMENT NO	4 IS A	JUNCTION	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4					
INVERT-3	INVERT-4	PHI 3	PHI 4	1017.090	1433.440	3	3	0	.015	7.000	.000					
1433.440	.000	.000	.000													
RADIUS	ANGLE															
.000	.000															
ELEMENT NO	5 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N									
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1019.330	1433.510	3										.015
.000	.000	.000	0													
ELEMENT NO	6 IS A	WALL EXIT	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	*									
				1019.330	1433.510	2										
ELEMENT NO	7 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N									
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1067.710	1433.960	2										.012
.000	.000	.000	0													
ELEMENT NO	8 IS A	WALL ENTRANCE	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	FP									
				1067.710	1433.960	4										.500
ELEMENT NO	9 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N									
RADIUS	ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	1070.710	1433.980	4										.012
.000	.000	.000	0													
ELEMENT NO	10 IS A	SYSTEM HEADWORKS	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	* W S									
ELEV				1070.710	1433.980	4										
1433.980																

APPENDIX C – REFERENCES

LINE A-B REALLOCATION MEMO




CITY OF PERRIS

STUART E. MCKIBBIN, CITY ENGINEER

P8-000

MEMORANDUM

TO: Tyler Webb and DJ Arellano
Webb and Associates

FROM: Stuart E. McKibbin, City Engineer 

DATE: April 8, 2020

RE: Perris Valley MDP; Line A-B and A-C
Tributary Watershed Modification

The submitted technical memorandum explains the modification to the tributary watershed for the Perris Valley MDP facilities Line A-B and A-C. This change is being made to take advantage of excess capacity in Line A-B and establishing drainage boundaries to account for future Mid-County Parkway.

The following items were submitted to the City of Perris for review:

1. Technical Memorandum dated February 12, 2020

After reviewing the technical memorandum entitled, Perris Valley MDP: Line A-B and Line A-C Tributary Watershed Modification, in concept, the revisions of the master drainage plan lines do not exceed the existing capacities and appear to satisfactorily account for upcoming Mid-County Parkway, see attached exhibit. This memorandum may be used for the initial design of affected developments within the drainage study boundaries.

Should you have any questions, please contact Cassandra Sanchez via email at Cassandra@trilakeconsultants.com or by phone at (951) 963-9952.



Technical Memorandum

To: Stuart E. McKibbin, P.E. (City of Perris)

From: Tyler Webb, E.I.T. (Webb)
DJ Arellano, P.E. (Webb)

Date: February 12, 2020

Re: Perris Valley MDP: Line A-B and Line A-C Tributary Watershed Modification

This technical memorandum has been prepared to document to the City of Perris and Riverside County Flood Control that the modification of tributary watersheds for Perris Valley MDP facilities Line A-B and Line A-C will not significantly impact the existing design of Line A-B or the design flow rate for the Perris Valley Storm Drain (PVSD). Master Drainage Plans are prepared based on the best data available at the time, and they provide guidance on how drainage in a particular area can be handled. It is often the case that development patterns required the modification of MDPs. Perris Valley Line A-B was designed by Thienes Engineering in conjunction with the development of an industrial building that is located on the southwesterly side of the intersection of Rider Street and Redlands Avenue. The design was sized based on assumed land uses and drainage strategies for the tributary watershed. Subsequent to the construction of Line A-B, several additional industrial buildings have either been constructed, or are planned to be constructed. The drainage design for these sites, coupled with site specific drainage strategies, has resulted in reduced flow rates for Line A-B compared to the original design assumptions. This memo documents the changes from the original design assumptions and proposes to introduce additional tributary area into Line A-B to take advantage of the unused capacity in the facility. This is done in such a manner that the peak design flows of PVSD are not changed and the tributary area for Line A-C can be reduced. This change in the MDP will accommodate the forthcoming construction of RCTC's Mid-County Parkway as well.

Section 1-A: Line A-B Capacity

Line A-B is located in Rider Street and has been constructed to accommodate the peak flowrates determined by Thienes Engineering when they designed the facility. As-built plans, to the intersection of Rider Street and Perris Boulevard, are included as part of this memorandum as reference. The facility is designed to accommodate runoff as depicted in the line A-B rational method map and analysis completed by Thienes Engineering (see Appendix A).

The proposed modification of tributary watershed areas, and the corresponding peak flow rates were determined using an area-yield analysis. The yield is based on the Line A-B rational method map and analysis stated above. The average yield was rounded up to the nearest whole number of 2.0 cfs/acre to conservatively calculate the peak flow rates (see Appendix A for modified drainage areas).

Hydraulic models were developed, based on the as-built plans for Line A-B. One model used the modified flow rates (revised model) determined using the methodology outlined above. The revised model was compared to a model using the original tributary flowrates (original model) to determine if Line A-B has adequate capacity. The hydraulic models were only completed to just before Lateral AB-11; this is because the tributary flowrates upstream of Lateral AB-10 remained unchanged. It should be noted that the revised model shows an increase in total flowrate for Line A-B; the area-yield method does not utilize confluences between the laterals and Line A-B which can lower the total flowrate by considering the time of concentration. The initial HGL for this model was taken from the ultimate Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel plans and double checked with the initial HGL in the Line A-B as-built plans, which both match and use the NGVD29 datum. The hydraulic analyses of Line A-B, even the one initially conducted by Thienes Engineering, assume ultimate improvements of the Channel have been completed. Capacity will be limited until the ultimate Channel improvements have been made.

The following are brief descriptions of the revised laterals for reference: **Lateral AB-1** is unchanged, **Lateral AB-2** is the single discharge point for the Rider II Distribution Center (DPR No. 19-00004) and removes flow from laterals AB-3 and AB-6, **Lateral AB-4** is the single discharge point for the Core 5 Rider Industrial project (DPR No. 19-05267) and removes flow from laterals AB-5 and AB-7, **Lateral AB-7.5** is the single discharge point for the FIR Rider Industrial project (DPR No. 19-05161) and removes flow from Lateral AB-8, **Lateral AB-9** is the single discharge point for the constructed Rider III Distribution Center which will discharge via pump at a constant 8 cfs instead of the original gravity flow of 61 cfs, **Lateral AB-10** will not remove flow from any laterals and be extended further south to add an additional 33 cfs.

Table 1 shows the HGL's (NGVD29) and total tributary flowrates at significant points for the original and revised Line A-B hydraulic models. For reference, Line A-B is an 8'x7' RCB from STA. 9+97.60 (outlet) to STA. 17+77.51 (Lateral AB-4), an 8'x6' RCB from STA. 17+77.51 (Lateral AB-4) to STA. 30+93.93 (Lateral AB-9), and a 7'x5' RCB from STA. 30+93.93 (Lateral AB-9) to the end of the model.

Table 1 - Line A-B hydraulics

Station and Lateral	Lateral Q's Original/Revised (cfs)	Line A-B Original Model HGL/Q* (ft/cfs)	Line A-B Revised Model HGL/Q* (ft/cfs)	Line A-B Revised minus Original Δ HGL/ Δ Q (ft/cfs)
9+97.60 (Outlet)	--	1433.0/483.0	1433.0/506.1	0.0/23.1
12+63.33 (Lat AB-1)	21.1/21.1	1433.9/461.9	1434.0/485.0	0.1/23.1
12+75.33 (Lat AB-2)	15.9/87.0	1434.2/446.0	1434.7/398.0	0.5/-48.0
17+71.51 (Lat AB-4)	12.8/25.0	1435.0/413.0	1434.9/373.0	-0.1/-40.0
25+00.00 (Lat AB-7.5)	0.0/35.0	**1437.5/367.0	1437.4/338.0	-0.1/-29.0
30+83.49 (Lat AB-9)	61.0/8.0	1439.1/295.0	1438.1/330.0	***-1.0/35.0
31+16.47 (Lat AB-10)	13.0/48.0	1439.4/282.0	1439.2/282.0	-0.2/0.0

*Q is the flowrate in Line A-B directly upstream of the lateral junction

**Approximate HGL for proposed Lat AB-7.5 in the original model

***HGL is lower with higher Q because of downstream hydraulic jump, flow at Lat AB-9 is super critical

Per the results above, the flow reallocation will not significantly impact the hydraulics in Line A-B. The greatest HGL increase of 0.5-feet was located at Lateral AB-2 (Rider II Distribution Center outlet); all other HGL changes either decreased or were insignificant. This means the Line A-B HGL will not rise above the Rider Street pavement surface as previously designed. It should be mentioned that the revised lateral hydraulics will need to be analyzed separately with the construction of the proposed projects, and they might need to be upsized given the onsite designs.

See Appendix B for the Line A-B hydraulic calculations and plan and profile.

See Appendix D for the Line A-B as-built plans for reference.

See Appendix E for Ultimate Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel plans for reference.

Section 1-B: Line A-C Capacity

Line A-C is a proposed storm drain line whose MDP alignment is disrupted by the Mid County Parkway. As stated above, the tributary areas for Line A-C and Line A-B will be reduced because of this. The modified area for Line A-C was roughly cut in half from the original MDP area; it is our understanding through preliminary correspondence with Mark Lancaster at Riverside County Transportation Commission (RCTC), that the Mid County Parkway will address its own generated runoff by constructing and draining to MDP facility Line H. The proposed tributary flowrate to Line A-C was calculated using area-yield method of 2.0 cfs/acre which yields a total flowrate of 72.6 cfs (see Appendix A for reallocated drainage areas).

A preliminary hydraulic model, in NAVD88, was developed to analyze the proposed alignment and profile of Line A-C. The initial HGL for this model was taken from the ultimate Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel plans, which use the NGVD29 datum and were converted to NAVD88 (NAVD88 = NGVD29 + 2.6'). The hydraulic analysis of Line A-C assumes ultimate improvements of the PVSD have been completed. Capacity will be limited, just like other Channel connections, until the ultimate PVSD improvements have been completed. Based upon our analysis a 42-inch storm drain downstream and 36-inch storm drain upstream will adequately convey the modified flow; the HGL will be below the street and ground surface, and the facilities should provide backbone drainage for the tributary area.

See Appendix C for Line A-C hydraulic calculations and plan and profile.

See Appendix E for Ultimate Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel plans for reference.

Section 2: Impacts to the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel

Per the area-yield flow analysis, an additional 23.1 cfs will be added upstream to the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel via Line A-B. This change is insignificant – roughly 0.17% of the peak design flow of the Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel. This is especially inconsequential since variations in the peak flow timing were not considered.

Section 3: Conclusions

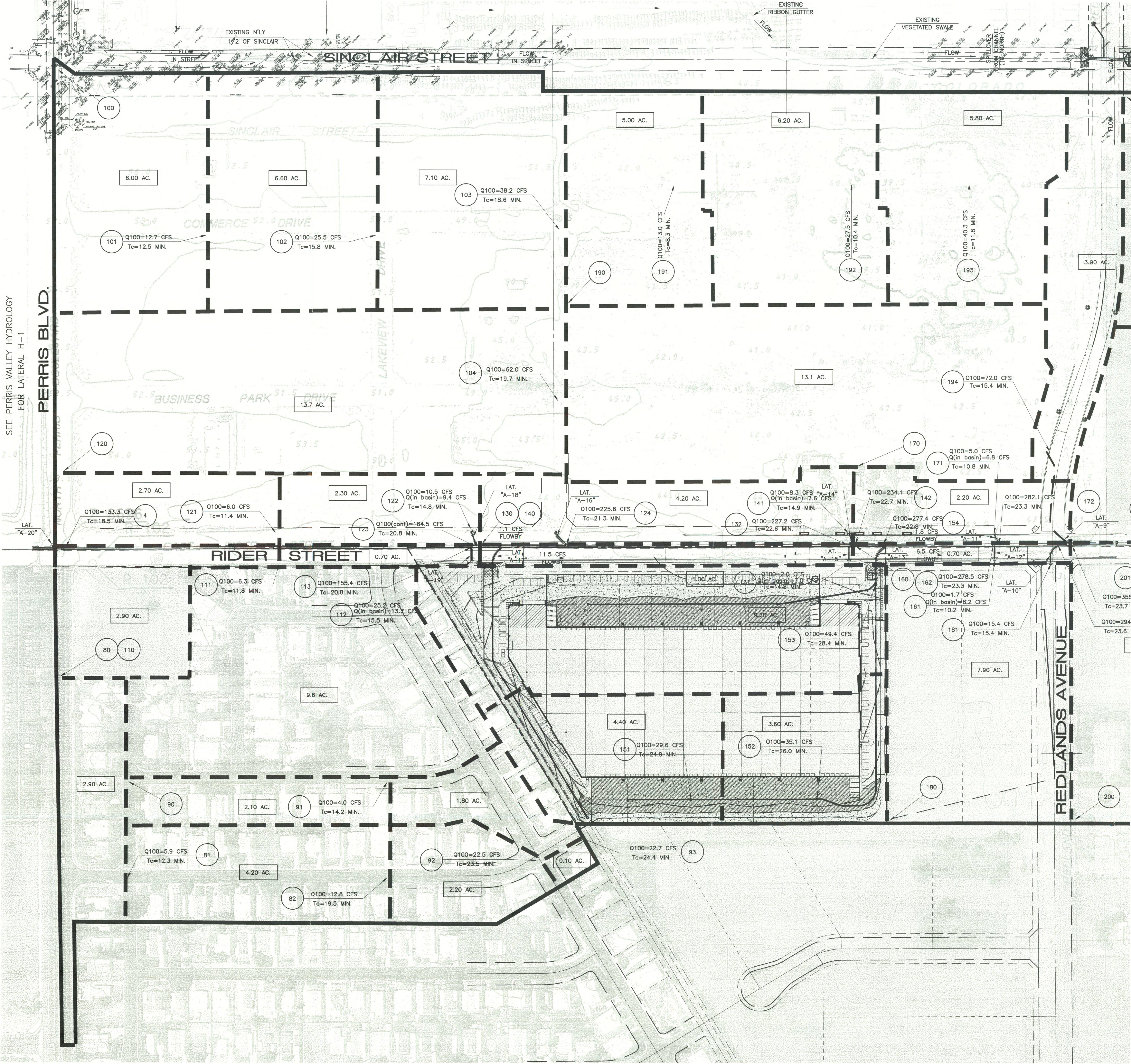
Per the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses listed above, we conclude that the revised MDP tributary areas and updated flowrates will not significantly impact the hydraulics of Line A-B. The greatest increase in HGL is only 6-inches, which remains well under the Rider Street pavement surface. The change in HGL at other

stations was either negligible or decreased. Also, the proposed alignment and profile of Line A-C will work hydraulically with the updated flow rates.

The Perris Valley Storm Drain Channel will not be impacted hydraulically since the increase in tributary flow reallocated upstream is one-one thousandth of a percent of the 100-year design flow per the MDP. Finally, this update is consistent with the forthcoming impacts of RCTC's Mid County Parkway to the original MDP drainage areas. It is our understanding through preliminary correspondence with Mark Lancaster at RCTC, that Mid County Parkway will accommodate their own generated runoff by constructing and draining to MDP facility Line H.

Should you have any questions regarding this analysis, please give me a call at (951) 320-6039 or email me at tyler.webb@webbassociates.com

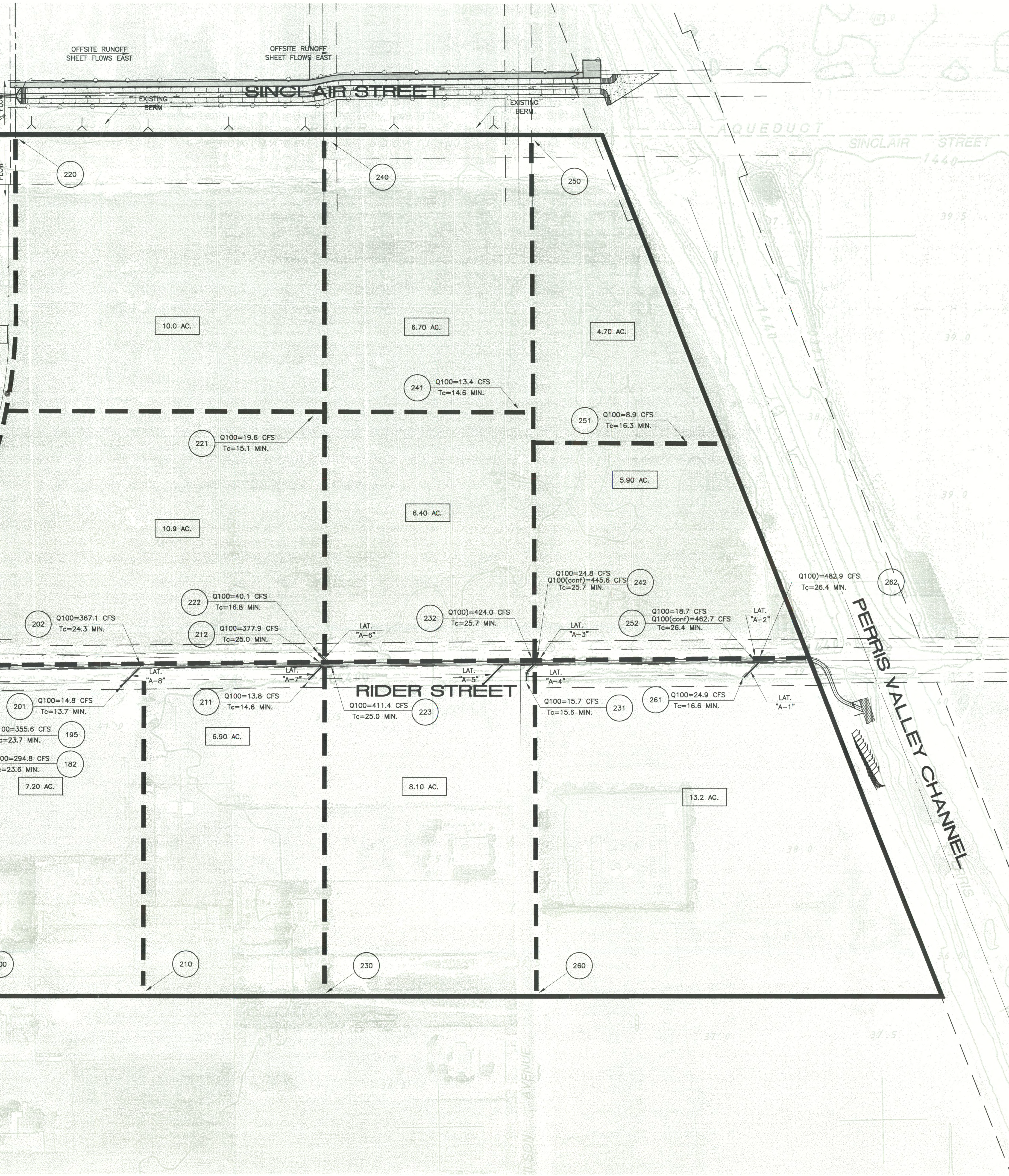
Appendix A: Original and Revised Hydrology



SEE PERRIS VALLEY HYDROLOGY FOR LATERAL H-1

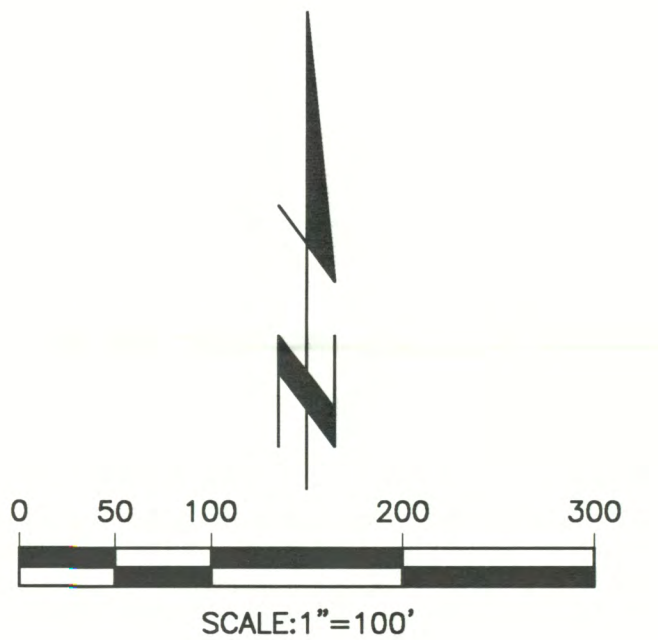
PERRIS BLVD.

REDLANDS AVENUE



LEGEND

- PROJECT BOUNDARY
- SUBAREA BOUNDARY
- SUBAREA AREA
- NODE NUMBER
- ANTICIPATED PONDING AREA



Last Update: 8/26/09
 Q:\2700-2700\2702\2702-hyd-mfd-box.dwg

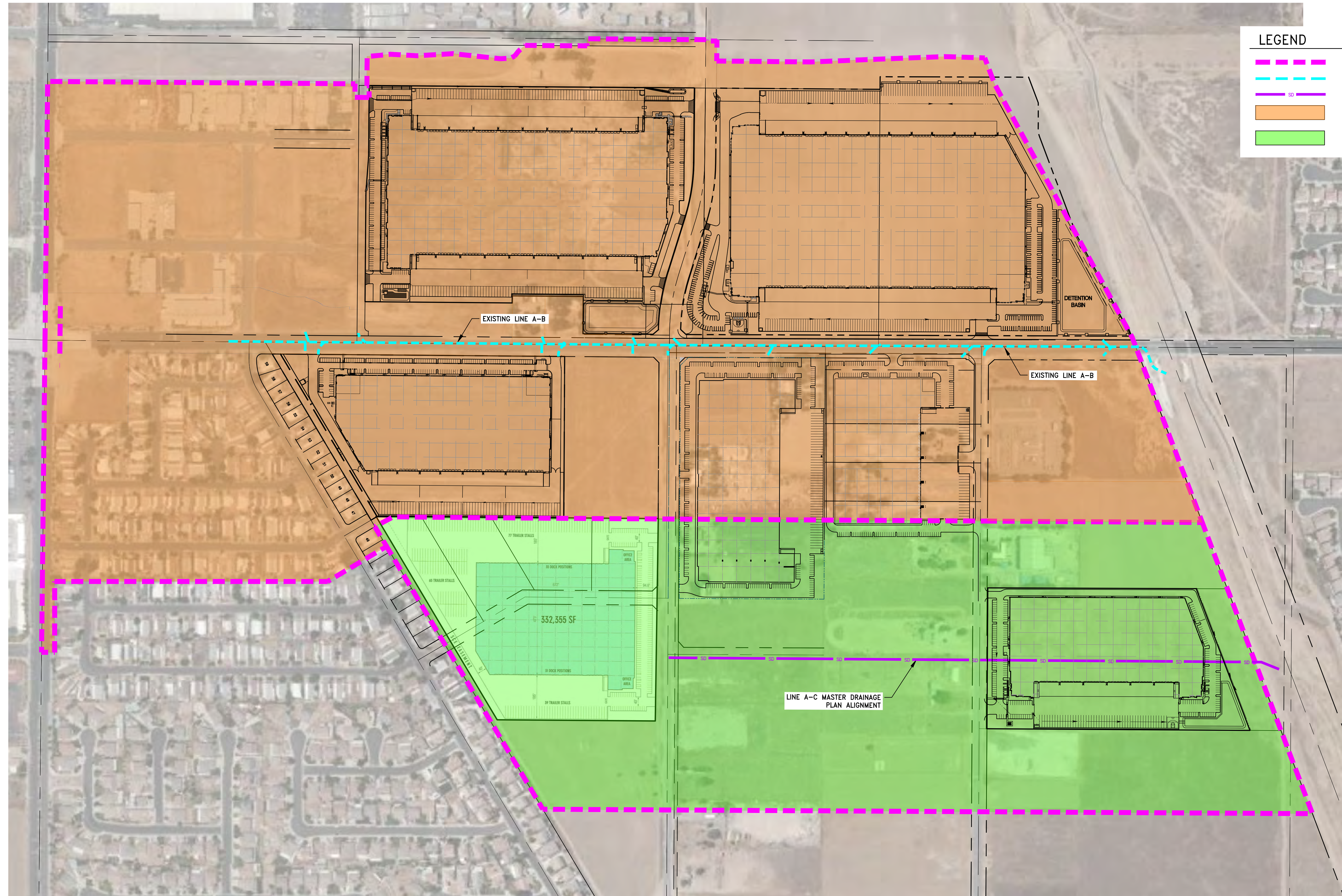
CITY OF PERRIS
 PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

HYDROLOGY MAP
PROPOSED CONDITIONS
PERRIS VALLEY MDP
LINE A-B (RIDER ST.)

Designed by _____ Date _____ Checked by _____ Date _____	Approved by _____ Date _____ Public Works Director R.C.E. 28129
Sheet 2 of 2 Sheets	

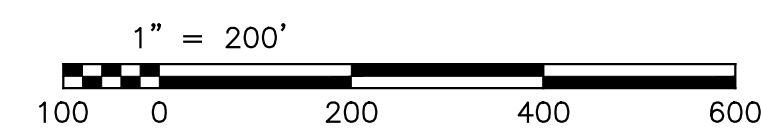
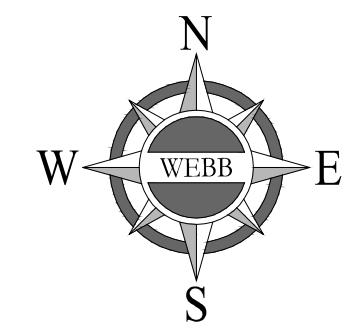
Thienes Engineering, Inc.
 CIVIL ENGINEERING • LAND SURVEYING
 14348 FIRESTONE BOULEVARD
 LA MIRADA, CALIFORNIA 90638
 PH: (714) 521-4811 FAX: (714) 521-4173

2702/ 2 OF 2 SHEET



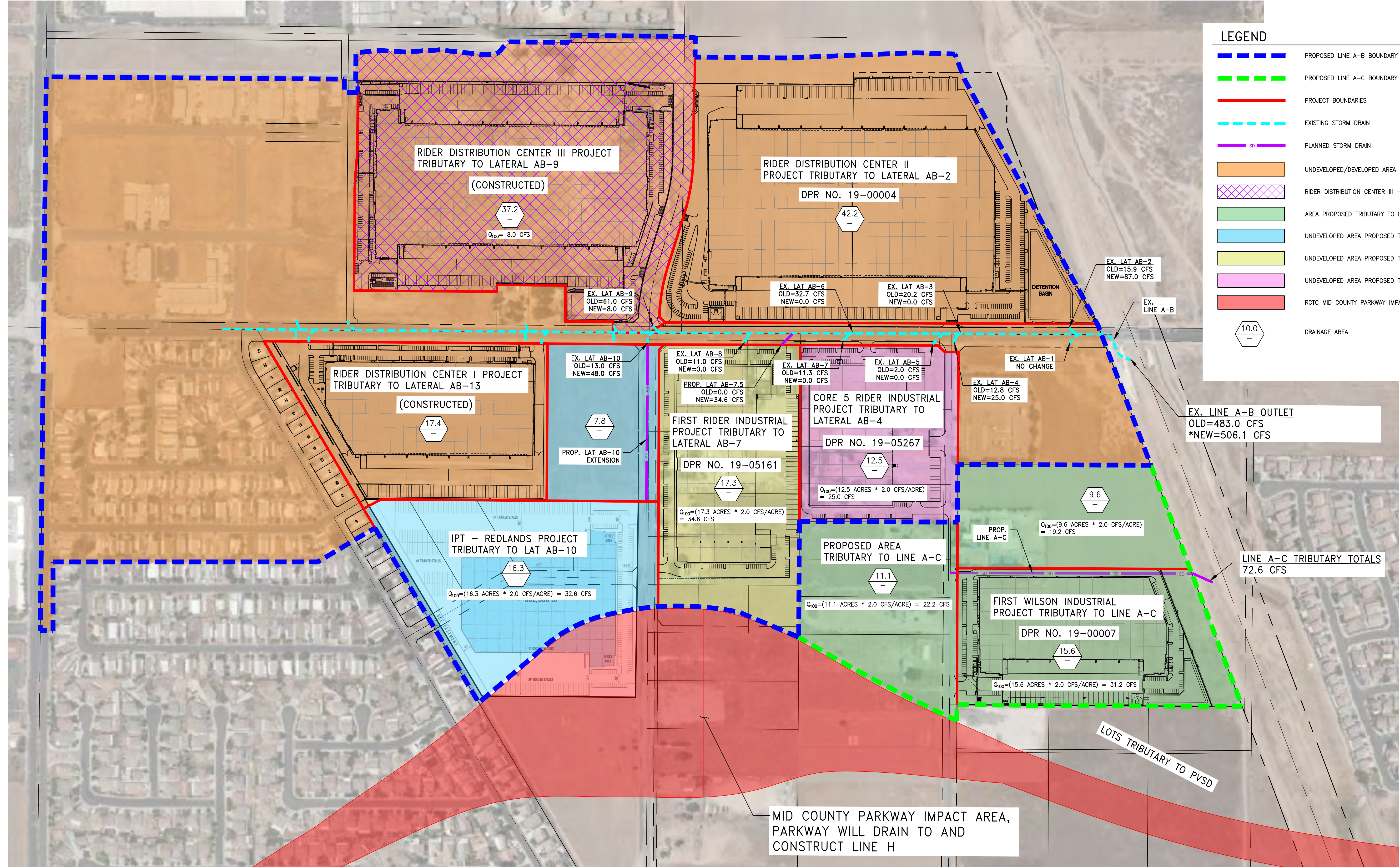
LEGEND

- - - - - ORIGINAL LINE A-B, LINE A-C BOUNDARY
- - - - - EXISTING STORM DRAIN
- - - - - SO - - - - - PLANNED STORM DRAIN
- UNDEVELOPED/DEVELOPED AREA CURRENTLY TRIBUTARY TO LINE A-B
- UNDEVELOPED/DEVELOPED AREA CURRENTLY TRIBUTARY TO LINE A-C



CITY OF PERRIS			
LINE A-B, LINE A-C ORIGINAL TRIBUTARIES			
SCALE: AS SHOWN	ALBERTA A. ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS	W.O. 18-0305	
DATE: 1/30/20	3788 MCCRAY STREET RIVERSIDE CA 92506	SHEET 1	
DESIGNED: TSW	WEBB ASSOCIATES	OF 2 SHEETS	
CHECKED: DJA	PH. (951) 686-1070	DWG. NO.	
PLN CK REF:	FAX (951) 788-1256		
F.B.			

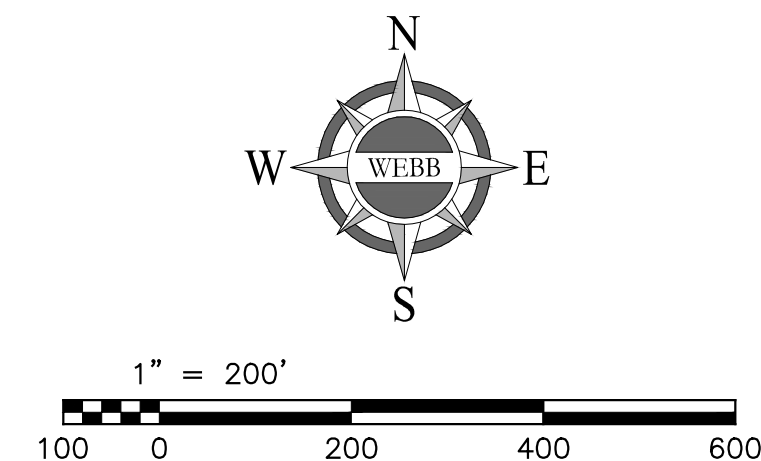
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LEGEND

- PROPOSED LINE A-B BOUNDARY
- PROPOSED LINE A-C BOUNDARY
- PROJECT BOUNDARIES
- EXISTING STORM DRAIN
- PLANNED STORM DRAIN
- UNDEVELOPED/DEVELOPED AREA CURRENTLY TRIBUTARY TO LINE A-B
- RIDER DISTRIBUTION CENTER III - MITIGATES FLOWS FROM 72 CFS TO 8 CFS
- AREA PROPOSED TRIBUTARY TO LINE A-C
- UNDEVELOPED AREA PROPOSED TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-10
- UNDEVELOPED AREA PROPOSED TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-7
- UNDEVELOPED AREA PROPOSED TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-4
- RACTC MID COUNTY PARKWAY IMPACT AREA
- DRAINAGE AREA

***NOTE**
 NEW OUTLET FLOWRATE IS GREATER THAN OLD OUTLET FLOWRATE BECAUSE OF AREA-YIELD FLOW REALLOCATION METHOD. THIS WAS DONE TO BE MORE CONSERVATIVE IN THE REVISED HYDRAULIC MODEL EVALUATION. THE AREA-YIELD METHOD IS MORE CONSERVATIVE BECAUSE IT IGNORES STREAM CONFLUENCES WHICH CAN LOWER THE TRIBUTARY FLOWRATES.



CITY OF PERRIS

LINE A-B, LINE A-C
 PROPOSED TRIBUTARIES

SCALE: AS SHOWN	ALBERTA A. ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS	W.O. 18-0305
DATE: 1/30/20	3788 MCCRAY STREET	SHEET 2
DESIGNED: TSW	RIVERSIDE CA 92506	OF 2 SHEETS
CHECKED: DJA	PH. (951) 686-1070	DWG. NO.
PLN CK REF:	FAX (951) 788-1256	
F.B.		

G:\2018\18-0305\DRAINAGE\PHOTO\DWG FOLDER\LINEA-B_LINEA-C_TRIBUTARIES.DWG 1/29/2020 6:09:16 PM

**Appendix B: Line A-B Original and Revised Hydraulics,
Plan and Profile**

FILE: LINEABORIGINAL.WSW
 Date: 1-27-2020 Time:10:17:39

LINEABORIGINAL.EDT
 W S P G W - EDIT LISTING - Version 14.06

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - CHANNEL DEFINITION LISTING

CARD Y(6)	SECT Y(7)	CHN Y(8)	NO OF Y(9)	AVE PIER Y(10)	HEIGHT 1	BASE	ZL	ZR	INV	Y(1)	Y(2)	Y(3)	Y(4)	Y(5)
CODE	NO	TYPE	PIER/PIP	WIDTH	DIAMETER	WIDTH			DROP					
CD	2	4	1		2.000									
CD	3	4	1		2.500									
CD	6	4	1		3.000									
CD	8	4	1		1.500									
CD	9	4	1		3.500									
CD	1	6	0		.000									
CD	4	6	0		.000									
CD	5	6	0		.000									
CD	6	6	0		.000									
CD	7	6	0		.000									

FILE:
 Date: 1-27-2020 Time:10:17:39

W S P G W - EDIT LISTING - Version 14.06

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - CROSS SECTION POINT LISTING

CARD , Y(6)	SECT X(7)	NO OF Y(7)	X(1) , Y(1)	X(2) , Y(2)	X(3) , Y(3)	X(4) , Y(4)	X(5) , Y(5)	X(6)
CODE X(N+1),Y(N+1)	NO X(7)	POINTS Y(7)	X(8) , Y(8)	X(9) , Y(9)	X(10) ,Y(10)	X(11) ,Y(11)	X(N) , Y(N)	
PTS	1	8	1.000 7.330	1.000 1.670	1.670 1.670	1.000 8.330	1.000 9.000	
1.670	9.000	7.330	8.330 8.000					
PTS	4	8	1.000 5.330	1.000 1.670	1.670 1.000	7.330 1.000	8.000	
1.670	8.000	5.330	7.330 6.000					
PTS	5	8	1.000 4.830	1.000 1.670	1.670 1.000	7.330 1.000	8.000	
1.670	8.000	4.830	7.330 5.500					
PTS	6	8	1.000 4.420	1.000 1.580	1.580 1.000	6.420 1.000	7.000	
1.580	7.000	4.420	6.420 5.000					
PTS	7	8	1.000 6.330	1.000 1.670	1.670 1.000	8.330 1.000	9.000	
1.670	9.000	6.330	8.330 7.000					
PTS			1.670 7.000					

W S P G W

PAGE NO 1

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - TITLE CARD LISTING

HEADING LINE NO 1 IS -

LINE A-B HYDRAULIC MODEL - ORIGINAL TRIBUTARIES

HEADING LINE NO 2 IS -

FN:LINEABORIGINAL.WSW

HEADING LINE NO 3 IS -

W S P G W

PAGE NO 2

WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

ELEMENT NO	1 IS A	SYSTEM OUTLET	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	W S ELEV
				997.600	1426.790	1	1433.000
ELEMENT NO	2 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H		1019.840	1426.870	1	.013
.000	.000	0					.000
ELEMENT NO	3 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H		1055.180	1426.990	1	.014
45.000	.000	0					44.996
ELEMENT NO	4 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H		1099.820	1427.160	1	.013
.000	.000	0					.000
ELEMENT NO	5 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H		1154.080	1427.350	1	.014
-69.080	.000	0					45.004
ELEMENT NO	6 IS A	REACH	U/S DATA	STATION	INVERT	SECT	RADIUS

LINEABORIGINAL.EDT

ANGLE ANG PT MAN H 1263.330 1427.730 1 .013 .000
 .000 .000 1
 ELEMENT NO 7 IS A JUNCTION * * * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT LAT-1 LAT-2 N Q3 Q4 INVERT-3
 INVERT-4 PHI 3 PHI 4 1263.330 1427.740 1 3 0 .013 21.100 .000 1428.810
 .000 -45.000 .000
 RADIUS
 ANGLE .000

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-1

ELEMENT NO 8 IS A REACH * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT N RADIUS
 ANGLE ANG PT MAN H 1275.330 1427.760 1 .013 .000
 .000 .000 0
 ELEMENT NO 9 IS A JUNCTION * * * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT LAT-1 LAT-2 N Q3 Q4 INVERT-3
 INVERT-4 PHI 3 PHI 4 1275.330 1427.770 1 2 0 .013 15.900 .000 1428.840
 .000 45.000 .000
 RADIUS
 ANGLE .000

W S P G W

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WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-2

ELEMENT NO 10 IS A REACH * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT N RADIUS
 ANGLE ANG PT MAN H 1758.820 1429.460 1 .013 .000
 .000 .000 0
 ELEMENT NO 11 IS A JUNCTION * * * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT LAT-1 LAT-2 N Q3 Q4 INVERT-3
 INVERT-4 PHI 3 PHI 4 1758.820 1429.470 1 3 0 .013 20.200 .000 1430.540
 .000 45.000 .000
 RADIUS
 ANGLE .000

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-3

ELEMENT NO 12 IS A REACH * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT N RADIUS
 ANGLE ANG PT MAN H 1771.510 1429.500 1 .013 .000
 .000 .000 1
 ELEMENT NO 13 IS A JUNCTION * * * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT LAT-1 LAT-2 N Q3 Q4 INVERT-3
 INVERT-4 PHI 3 PHI 4 1777.510 1430.000 7 2 0 .013 12.800 .000 1430.000
 .000 -45.000 .000
 RADIUS
 ANGLE .000

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-4

ELEMENT NO 14 IS A REACH * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT N RADIUS
 ANGLE ANG PT MAN H 1841.890 1430.190 7 .013 .000
 .000 .000 0
 ELEMENT NO 15 IS A JUNCTION * * * * *
 U/S DATA STATION INVERT SECT LAT-1 LAT-2 N Q3 Q4 INVERT-3
 INVERT-4 PHI 3 PHI 4 1841.890 1430.200 7 8 0 .013 2.000 .000 1431.690

.000 -45.000 .000

ANGLE

.000

RADIUS

.000

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WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-5

ELEMENT NO	16	IS	A	REACH	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2236.210	1431.380	7	.013	.000

ELEMENT NO	17	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2236.210	1431.390	7	6	0	.013	32.700	.000	1431.970

ELEMENT NO	17	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2236.210	1431.390	7	6	0	.013	32.700	.000	1431.970

ANGLE

.000

RADIUS

.000

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-6

ELEMENT NO	18	IS	A	REACH	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2249.410	1431.420	7	.013	.000

ELEMENT NO	19	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2249.410	1431.430	7	2	0	.013	11.300	.000	1432.000

ELEMENT NO	19	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2249.410	1431.430	7	2	0	.013	11.300	.000	1432.000

ANGLE

.000

RADIUS

.000

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-7

ELEMENT NO	20	IS	A	REACH	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2690.000	1432.740	7	.013	.000

ELEMENT NO	21	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2690.000	1432.750	7	2	0	.013	11.000	.000	1433.830

ELEMENT NO	21	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		2690.000	1432.750	7	2	0	.013	11.000	.000	1433.830

ANGLE

.000

RADIUS

.000

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-8

ELEMENT NO	22	IS	A	REACH	STATION	INVERT	SECT	N	RADIUS
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		3083.490	1433.930	7	.013	.000

ELEMENT NO	23	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		3093.930	1433.960	4	9	0	.013	61.000	.000	1434.520

ELEMENT NO	23	IS	A	JUNCTION	STATION	INVERT	SECT	LAT-1	LAT-2	N	Q3	Q4	INVERT-3
ANGLE	ANG PT	MAN H	U/S DATA		3093.930	1433.960	4	9	0	.013	61.000	.000	1434.520

ANGLE

.000

RADIUS

.000

W S P G W

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WATER SURFACE PROFILE - ELEMENT CARD LISTING

REMARKS: EXISTING TRIBUTARY TO LATERAL AB-8